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FRENCH'S STANDARD DRAMA.

No. LXXI.

KING LEAR.

A Tragedy

IN FIVE ACTS.

BY WILLIAM SHAKSPEAGE

WITH THE STAGE BUSINESS, CASTS OF CHARACTE BA COSTUMES, RELATIVE POSITIONS, ETC

NEW YORK : SAMUEL FRENCH & SON, SAMUEL FRENCH. PUBLISHERS, 38 E. 14th Street, Union Square.

LONDON :

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CAST OF CHARACTERS.

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ear	
urgundy	" Mercer.
Cornwall	- " Penley.
Albany	. " Thompson
Gloster	
Kent	. " Terry.
	. " Wallack.
7	" Voung

y Lane, 1824.

Edmund " Browne. Oswald ... " Howell. " Reed. Captain of Guard... Herald "Reed. Pages to Goneril.... Miss Smith. Pages to Regan " Carr.

Eing L Duke B

Duke of Duke of

Duke of

Duke of

Edgar.

Old Man	Mr. Gattie.
Physician	" Hughes.
Edward	" Harold.
Officer	" King.
First Ruffien	" Randall.
Second do	" Atkins.
Goneril	Miss Boyce.
Regan	Mrs. Knight.
Com	" W. West.
tbe	Miss Philips.

the Broadwa:, 1848. Mr. Forrest. " Baker. " Reynolds. " Kingsley. " Matthews. " Vaché. " Dyott. " Fredericks. " Lester. " Gallot. " Lonsdale. Miss Pullmans. Misses Thompson & E. Pullmans. Mr. Bernard. " Pope.

n a l

" Thompson. " Wright. " Brady.

Mrs. Abbot. "Blake. Miss. F. Wallack. Mrs. Isherwood.

Arch-St., Phila Mr. Booth. "Gallagher. "J. Dunn. " R. Johnson, " Thayer. " Burton. " Henkins. " Marsh. " T. Johnstes " Hickman. " Fisher. Miss Morgan. " Atkins. Mr. Jervis. " Ellsler.

" Tellings.

" Calladine. " Worrill.

Mrs. Hughes. " M'Lean. " Burke. Miss Sinclair.

EXITS AND ENTRANCES.

R. means Right; L. Left; R. D. Right Door; L. D. Left Door . E. Second Entrance; U. E. Upper Entrance; M. D. Middle Door

RELATIVE POSITIONS.

R., means Right; L., Left; C., Centre; R. C., Right of Centre . C., Left of Centre.

Gipe-

is C. a. Erce

m. 30120

COSTUMES.

- KIN 3 LEAR.—First dress:—Richly embroidered Saxon tunic of rick crimson velvet, ditto cap; flesh-coloured arms, legs, and sandals.— Second dress:—Black.
- DUKE OF BURGUNDY.-Yellow Saxon tunic, crimson robe and cap, flesh-coloured arms, legs, and sandals.
- DUKE OF CORNWALL.—Green tunic, scarlet robe and cap, fleshcoloured arms, legs, and red sandals.
- **DUKE** OF ALBANY.—Crimson tunic, brown robe and cap, fleshcoloured arms, legs, and sandals.
- DUKE OF GLOSTER.—Brown tunic, blue robe and cap, flesh-coloured arms, legs, and sandals.
- DUKE OF KENT.—Crimson tunic, brown robe and cap, flesh-coloured arms, legs, and sandals.—Second dress:—Drab-coloured tunic and cap.
- EDGAR.—First dress:—White tunic, scarlet robe and cap. Second dress:—Green tunic, and robe of coarse white baize. Third dress: Grey tunic and cap. Fourth dress:—Coat of mail, armour, and helmet.
- EDMUND.—Scarlet tunic, blue robe and cap. Second dress :—Steel chain armour, helmet, and red plume.
- PHYSICIAN.-Tunic and robe (all brown), trimmed with black.
- OLD MAN.—Drab-coloured tunic and cap, flesh-coloured arms and legs.
- OSWALD.—White tunic, blue robe and cap, flesh-coloured arms and legs.
- CAPTAIN OF THE GUARD.—Scarlet tunic and cap, flesh-coloured arms and legs.
- PAGE TO GONERIL.—White tunic, scarlet robe, and white cap.
- PAGE TO REGAN.—Blue tunic scarlet rcbe, and blue cap.
- GONERIL.—White muslin dress, trimmed with gold, scarlet cloth robe, trimmed with gold, tiara for the head, flesh-coloured stockings and red sandals.
- **REGAN.**—White muslin dress, trimmed with silver, and clasped together with metal clasps in front, fawn cloth robe, tiara for the head, flesh-coloured stockings, and russet sandals.
- CORDELIA.—White kersemere dress and drapery, trimmed with scarlet velvet and gold lace, fastened in front with metal clasps, tiara for the head, flesh-coloured stockings and sandals. Second dress • White muslin dress, grey mantle, trimmed, black ditto, handkerchief for the head. Third dress :—White drapery.
- ARANTHE.—Brown cloth dress, clasped together with metal clasps, fawn coloured mantle, bound with black.
- ATTENDANTS;-White dress cloth rnbes, flesh coloured stockings and russet sandals.



EDITORIAL INTRODUCTION.

The story on which Shakspeare founded this magnificent tragedy, was long familiar to the English people. The sad story of "Lear and his tarse daughters," had been told in poem, ballad, and in many ruder we ye, but the poet has, doubtless, more particularly availed himself of the chronicle of the History of the Kings of Britain, translated into Latin from the Armorican, or old British language, by Geoffrey of Monmouth, in the year 1100. This version of the old British chronicier was rendered into English by Hollinshed, the cotemporary of Snakspeare, and to whose historical chronicles the poet was indebted for much of the material of those matchless dramas which illustrate the history of the sovereigns of England. The story of "Lear and us three daughters," as given by Hollinshed is narrated thus :--

nas three daughters," as given by Hollinshed is narrated thus :---"Leir the some of Baldud was admitted ruler ouer the Britaines, in the yeare of the world 3105, at what time loas reigned in Iuda. This Leir was a prince of right noble demeanor, gouerning his laud and subjects in great wealth. He made the towne of Caerleir, now called Leicester, which standeth vpon the river of Sore. It is written that he had by his wife three daughters without other issue, whose names were Gouorilla, Regan, and Cordeilla, which daughters he greatly loued, especially Cordeilla the yoongest farre aboue the two elder. When this Leir, therefore, was come to great yeres and began to wave vnwieldie through age, ke thought to vnder stand the affections of his daughters towards him, and preferre hir whome he best oued, to the succession ouer the kingdome. Wherevpon he first asked Gonorrilla ne eldest, how well she loued him : who calling hir gods to record, protested that she loued 'him more than hir owne life, which by right and reason should be most deere vnto hir. With which answer the father being well pleased, turned to the second, and demanded of hir how well she loued him ; who answered (confirming hir atengs with great othes) that she loued him more than toong could expresse, and farre aboue all other creatures of the world." "Then called he his yoongest daughter Cordeilla before him and asked of ht what account she made of him, vnto whome she made this answer as followeth "Knowing the great loue and fatherlie zeale that you haue alwaies horne toward me (for the which I maie not answere you otherwise than I thinke, and as my con acience leadet me) I protest vnto you, that I haue loued you would more vnder-stand of the loue that I beare you, ascertaine your selfe, that so much as you haue so much you are woorth, and so much I loue you, and no more. The father heing mothing content with this answer, married his two eldest daughters, the one vnder-stand of the loue that I beare you, ascertaine your self

betwixt whome he willed and ordeined that his land should be diuided after his death, and the one half thereof immediatile should be assigned to them in hand : but for the third daughter Cordeilla he reserved nothing.' "Neurtheless it fortuned that one of the princes of Gallia (which is row called France) whose name was Agamppus, hearing of the beautie, womanhood, and good conditions of the said Cordeilla, desired to have her in marriage, and sent over to hir father, requiring that he might have hir to wife: to whome answer was made, that be might have his daughter, but as for any dower he could have none, for all was promised and assured to hir o her sisters alreadie. Agamppus notwithstanding this answer of desial to receive axie thing by way of dower with Cordeilla, tooke hir to wife,

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only moued thereto (I saie) for respect of hir person and amiable vertues. This Againppus was one of the twelue kings that ruled Gallia in those daies, as in the British historie it is recorded. But to proceed ~After that Leir was fallen into age, the two dukes that had married his two shdest daughters, thinking it long yer the gouerment of the land did come to their

After that Leir was fallen into age, the two dukes that had married his two aldest daughters, thinking it long yer the gouerment of the land did come to their hands, arose against him in armour, and reft from him the gouernance of the land, typen conditions to be continued for terme of life: by the which he was put to Lig portion, that is, to like after a rate assigned to him for the maintenance of his estate which in processe of time was diminished as well by Maglanus as by Henninus. But the greatest griefe that Leir tooke, was to see the unkit dness of his daughters, which seemed to thinke that all was too much which their father had, the same being neuer so little: in so much that going from one to the other, he was brought that miserie, that scarslie they would allow him one seruant to wait ypon him.

" In the end, such was the vakindnesse, or (as I maie saie) the vanaturalness which he found in his two daughters, notwithstanding their faire and pleasant words vttered in time past, that being constreined of necessitie, he field the land, and sailed into Gallia, there to seeke some comfort of his yongest daughter Cordeilla, whom before time he hated. The ladie Co:deilla hearing that he was arriued in poor estate, she first sent him privilie a certeme summe of mome to apparell himselfe withall, and to reteine a certeine number of seruants that might attend vpon him in honourable wise, as apperteined to the estate which he had borne: and then so accompanied, she appointed him to come to the court, which he did, and was so ioifullie, honourablie, and louinglie recieued, both by his some in law Aganippus, and also by his daughter Cordeilla, that his hart was greatlie conforted: for he was no lesse honoured, than if he had beene king of the whole countrie himselfe. "Now when he had informed his some in law and his daughter in what sort he nad beene vsed by his other daughters, Aganippus caused a mightie armie to be put in a readinesse, and likewise a great nauie of ships to be rigged, to passe ouer into

"Now when he had informed his some in law and his daughter in what sort he nad beene vsed by his other daughters, Aganippus caused a mightie armie to be put in a readinesse, and likewise a great nauie of ships to be rigged, to passe ouer into Britaine with Leir his father in law, to see him againe restored to his kingdome. It was accorded, that Cordeilla should also go with him to take possession of the land, the which he promised to leave vuto hir, as the righfull inheritour after his decesse, notwithstanding any former grant made to hir sisters or to their husbands in anio maner of wise.

"Herevpon, when this armie and nauie of ships were readie, Leir and his daughter Cordeilla with hir husband took the sea, and arriving in Britaine, fought their enemies, and discomfited them in battel, in the which Maglanus and Henninus were slaine: and then was Leir restored to his kingdome, which he ruled after this by the space of two yeeres, and then died, fortie yeeres after he first began to reigne. His bodie was buried at Leicester in a vant vnder the channell of the finer of Sore beneath the towne.

"Cordeilla the yoongest daughter of Leir was admitted Q. and supreme gouernesse of Britaine, in the yeere of the world 3155, before the bylding of Rome 54, Vzia then reigning in Iuda, and Ieroboam ouer Israell. This Cordeilla after hir ther's decease, ruled the land of Britaine right worthile during the space of fuc eres, hir two nephewes Margan and Cunedag, sonnes to hir aforesaid sisters, disnining to be vnder the gouerment of a woman, leuied warre against hir, and deroied a great part of the land, and finallie tooke hir prisoner, and laid hir fast in rard, wherewith she tooke such griefe, being a woman of manlie courage, and degrairing to recour libertie, there she slue herselfe, when she had reigned (as before mentioned) the tearme of fiue yeeres.'

Shakspeare has left the main incidents of this fabulous tradition precisely as he found it, with all the features characteristical of the sim plicity of the olden times; introducing, however, a double plot of Gloster and his sons, which he derived from another source. The ad. dition, however, is most ingeniously worked up to add to the effect of the main purpose of the play. Lear has thus companions in his misery -he is suffering from his daughters, Edgar from his father: and the poetical justice of the play is equally dealt out to both offenders There are few of Shakspeare's plays that have undergone more

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mutilation in adapting them for stage representation that this tragedy of Lear. At the early part of the 17th century and the beginning of 18th, Shakspeare in his original dress had lost his influence over the minds of the play-goers—it was deemed expedient by the managers of that period to adapt, revise, and in many instances, entirely re-construct the leading plays of the great Bard, and in this shape only. were they rendered endurable to the audiences of those times-Hence, we have Tate's version of Lear, Cibber's Richard III., and Dryden's Tempest. All of which have kept possession of the stage until the present day.

THE MODERN STANDARD DRAMA, being a faithful transcript of plays as they are acted, we have necessarily taken Tate's alteration as our text book. Although it may be proper to state that the good taste of several leading representatives of the character of Lear, have deviated from his generally adopted version, and have restored, in modified forms, the original text of Shakspeare. The elder Kean when he revived *Lear*, immediately after the death of George III., during the latter part of whose reign this play was suppressed by authority, restored the original catastrophe of the tragedy, and the play closedwith the death of Lear and Cordelia. Mr. Forrest has judiciously followed the example of his predecessor, and Mr. Macready, with that scholastic taste which so eminently distinguishes him, has gone further than either of his cotemporaries, for he has restored the entire original, excepting some necessary curtailments, rendered indispensa ble to meet the taste of modern audiences.

To add anything to the mass of critical analysis bestowed on this tragedy, seems to be a useless, and almost an impossible task "Lear" stands almost alone in its towering sublimity, as the most perfect display of passion, and of "deep, ethical reflection." Written when the author had arrived at the fullest developement of his wonderful powers, it combines all the depth of his contemplative mind, and the most perfect display of his rich stores of bold and impassioned language. It has been well said of this play that the story exhausts compassion. The characters do not act, they suffer. Calamities stifle them at once; they are stripped of all external advantages at a blow, and are given up a prey to utter helplessness. Lear's childless imbecility is changed at once to helpless insanity. Cast off by his heart less daughters, he becomes a wandering beggar, with nothing left to him but the power of loving and suffering beyond measure. Edgar is rendered, by unmerited misfortune, a fitting companion for the hapless old king, and the joint picture is one of unapproach

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Ethess, pathos, and power. The suffering Cordelia, with her we man by dignity and filial love, and the touching fidelity of the "poor fool," —the sterner integrity of Old Kent,—and the retributive calamities of Gloster—all conspire to form a tragedy which finds no equal in modern times.

The character of Lear has called forth the histrionic powers of our greatest tragedians. Garrick owes much of his transcendant fame to his personation of this part. John Kemble long held possession of the character undisputed and alone, until Kean burst on the theatrical horizon like a meteor, and disputed the palm with the classic Kemble in this, as well as in many other characters long held to be the exclusive property of THE KEMBLE! Booth's Lear is, in all its essentials, a close resemblance of Kean's. Macready, too, has added materially to his well-earned fame, by his beautiful delineation of this celebrated character. In this country, Mr. Forrest, the eminent native tragedian, " who is not only the first American actor of the day, but has also founded what may be denominated a national school of acting, has acquired a reputation in both hemispheres, for his able personification of Lear. It is indeed a powerful embodiment of the part, combining all the characteristics peculiar to this great actor, and presenting also, the results of close and discriminating reflection. Mr. Hackett, whose versatility is almost unbounded, has ventured upon an embodiment of Lear, with a conception original and ingenious, which met with the approbation and endorsement of many sound critics and admirers of our great bard.

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ACT I.

Scene I.—An Ante-chamber in King Lear's Palace.

Enter Edmund, R.

Edm. (c.) Thou, Nature, art my goddess; to thy law My services are bound: why am I then Deprived of a son's right, because I came not In the dull road that custom has prescribed? Why bastard ? Wherefore base? when I can boast A mind as gen'rous, and a shape as true, As honest madam's issue ? Why are we Held base, who in the lusty stealth of Nature Take fiercer qualities than what compound The scanted births of the stale marriage-bed ? Well, then, legitimate Edgar, to thy right Of law I will oppose a bastard's cunning. Our father's love is to the bastard Edmund As to legitimate Edgar; with success I've practised yet on both their easy natures. Here comes the old man, chafed with the information Which last I forged against my brother Edgar: A tale so plausible, so boldly uttered, And heightened by such lucky accidents, That now the slightest circumstance confirms him, And base-born Edmund, spite of law, inherits. (R.)

Enter GLOSTER and KENT, L.

Glos. Nay, good my lord, your charity O ershoots itself, to plead in his behalf; You are yourself a father, and may feel The sting of disobedience from a son First born and best-beloved.—Oh, villain Edgar!

Kent. (L) Be not too rash; all may be forgery, And time yet clear the duty of your scn.

Glos. (c.) Plead with the seas, and reason down the winds,

Yet shalt thou ne'er convince me; 1 have seen

His foul designs through all a father's fondness.

Edm. [Aside.] It works as I could wish; I'll show my self. [Advances.

Glos. Ha, [Crosses to Edmund, R.] Edmund! welcome boy.—Oh, Kent! see here

Inverted nature, Gloster's shame and glory: This bye-born, the wild sally of my youth,

Pursues me with all filial offices;

Whilst Edgar, begged of heaven, and born in honour, Draws plagues upon my head, that urge me still To curse in age the pleasure of my youth. Nay, weep not, Edmund, for thy brother's crimes. Oh, gen'rous boy ! thou shar'st but half his blood. Yet lov'st beyond the kindness of a brother: But I'll reward thy virtue. Follow me. My lord. you wait the king, who comes resolved To quit the toils of empire, and divide His realms amongst his daughters. Heaven succeed it !

But much I fear the change.

Kent. I grieve to see him With such wild starts of passion hourly seized, As render majesty beneath itself.

Glos. Alas! 'tis the infirmity of his age: Yet has his temper ever been unfixt, Chol'ric, and sudden.

[Flourish of Trumpets and Drums, R. Hark, they approach. [Flourish.—Exeunt, R.

Enter CORDELIA, L., EDGAR following.

Edg. Cordelia, royal fair, turn yet once more, And ere successful Burgundy receive The treasure of thy beauties from the king, Ere happy Burgundy forever fold thee, Cast back one pitying look on wretched Edgar.

Cor. Alas! what would the wretched Edgar with The more unfortunate Cordelia? Who, in obedience to a father's will,

[Ac 1

SCENE II.)

Flies from her Edgar's arms to Burgundy's. Flourish continues till the Szene changes .-- Exeunt Cordelia, R., Edgar, L.

SCENE II.—A Room of State in the Palace.—Flourish of Drums and Trumpets, R.

KING LEAR seated upon his Throne, ALBANY, CORNWALL BURGUNDY, KENT, GLOSTER, GONERIL, REGAN, CORDE LIA, CAPTAIN OF THE GUARD, three Knights, two Pages two Gentlemen with the Map, two Gentlemen with the Crown, Physicians, Heralds, Banners and Guards Lords, Ladies, &c., &c., discovered.

Lear. (c.) Attend, my lords of Albany and Cornwall, With princely Burgundy. *Alb.* (L. C.) We do, my liege.

Lear. Give me the map.

[The Gentleman who holds the Map, L., advances a lit. tle, and unrolls it.

Know, lords, we have divided In three our kingdom, having now resolved To disengage from our long toil of state, Conferring all upon your younger years. You, Burgundy, Cornwall, and Albany, Long in our court have made your amorous sojourn, And now are to be answered. Tell me, my daughters, Which of you loves us most, that we may place Our largest bounty with the largest merit. Goneril, our eldest born, speak first.

Gon. (R. c.) Sir, I do love you more than words can utter.

Beyond what can be valued rich or rare; Nor liberty, nor sight, health, fame, or beauty, Are half so dear; my life for you were vile; As much as child can love the best of fathers.

Lear. Of all these bounds, e'en from this line to this, With shady forests, and wide skirted meads, We make thee, lady; to thine and Albany's issue Be this perpetual.—What says our second daughter, Regan, wife to Cornwall?

Reg. (R. c.) My sister, sir, in part exprest my love; For such as hers, is mine, though more extended :

LACT_

Sense has no other joy that I can relish I have my all in my dear liege's love.

Lear. Therefore, to thee and thine hereditary, Remain this ample third of our fair kingdom.

Cor. (n.) [Aside.] Now comes my trial. How am I distrest,

That must with cold speech tempt the chol'ric king Rather to leave me dowerless, than condemn me To Burgundy's embraces !

[Whilst Cordelia is speaking, Lear, assisted by Ken: and Gloster, descends from the Throne, and comes forward, c.—Kent goes before Burgundy, L., and Gloster remains at Lear's R., a little behind him.

Lear. Speak now, our last, not least in our dear love-So ends my task of state-Cordelia, speak;

What canst thou say to win a richer third,

Than what thy sisters gained?

Cor. [Aside.] Now must my love, in words, fall short of theirs,

As much as it exceeds in truth.—Nothing, my lord. Lear. Nothing?

Cor. Nothing.

Lear. Nothing can come of nothing: speak agaiu. Cor. Unhappy am I that I can't dissemble:

Sir, as I ought, I love your majesty,

No more, nor less.

Lear. Take heed, Cordelia,

Thy fortunes are at stake; think better on't, And mend thy speech a little.

Cor. (R.) Oh, my liege!

You gave me being, bred me, dearly loved me And I return my duty as I ought,

Obey you, love you, and most honour you. Why have my sisters husbands, if they love ycu all! Haply, when I shall wed, the lord whose I and Shall take my plight, will carry half my love; For I shall never marry like my sisters, To love my father all.

Lear. (c.) And goes thy heart with this? 'Tis said that I am chol'ric. Judge me, gods, Is there not cause? Now, minion, I perceive The truth of what has been suggested to us.

SCENE II.

Thy fondness for the rebel son of Gloster.— And oh! take heed, rash girl, lest we comply With thy fond wishes, which thou wilt too late Repent; for know, our nature cannot brook A child so young, and so ungentle.

Cor. So young, my lord, and true.

Lear. Thy truth, then, be thy dower: For, by the sacred Sun, and solemn Night, I here disclaim all my paternal care, And from this minute hold thee as a stranger Both to my blood and favour.

Kent. (L.) This is frenzy ! Consider, good my liege-

Lear. Peace, Kent! Come not between a dragon and his rage. I loved her most, and in her tender trust Designed to have bestowed mine age at ease. So be my grave my peace, as here I give My heart from her, and with it all my wealth !

[The Gentleman who holds the Crown advances from R. to R. C.

My lords of Cornwall and of Albany, I do invest you jointly with full right In this fair third, Cordelia's forfeit dower. Mark me, my lords, observe our last resolve : Ourself, attended by an hundred knights, Will make abode with you in monthly course; The name alone of king remain with me, Yours be the execution and revenues. This is our final will; and, to confirm it, This coronet part between you.

Kent. [Kneels.] Royal Lear, Whom I have ever honoured as my king, Loved as my father, as my master followed, And, as my patron, thought on in my prayers—

Lear. Away! the bow is bent, make from the shaft Kent. [Rises.] No, let it fall, and drench within my heart:

Be Kent unmannerly when Lear s mad; Thy youngest daughter—

Lear On thy life, no more !

Ken: What wilt thou do, old man?

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[ACT I.

Lear. Out of my sight.

Kent. See better first.

Lear. Now, by the gods-

Kent. Now, by the gods, rash king, thou sweat'st in vaint [Lear attempting to draw his sword, is prevented by Albany and Gloster, who advance and stay his arms.

Lear. Ha, traitor!

Kent. Do, kill thy physician, Lear; Strike through my throat; yet with my latest breath I'll thunder in thine ear my just complaint,

And tell thee to thy face that thou dost ill.

Lear. Hear me, rash man, on thine allegiance hear me!

[Sheathes his sword.—Albany and Gloster retire to their former places.

Since thou hast striven to make us break our vow, And pressed between our sentence and our power, Which nor our nature nor our place can bear, We banish thee forever from our sight And kingdom: If, when three days are expired, Thy hated trunk be found in our dominions, That moment is thy death.—Away!

[Turns from Kent, and confers with Goneril, Regan; Albany, and Cornwall.

Kent. (L.) Why, fare thee well, king; since thou art resolved,

I take thee at thy word: I will not stay To see thy fall. The gods protect thee, maid, That truly thinks, and hast most justly said. Thus to new climates my old trunk I bear; Friendship lives hence, and banishment is here. [*Exit*, t

Lear. Now, Burgundy, you see her price is fall'n; Yet, if the fondness of your passion still Affect her as she stands, dow'rless, and lost In our esteem, she's yours; take her, or leave her.

Bur. Pardon me, royal Lear: I but demand The dower yourself proposed, and here I take Cordelia by the hand, Duchess of Burgundy.

Lear. Then leave her, sir; for, by a father's rage, I tell you all her wealth.

[Cordelia throws herself at Lear's feet. Away! Away! Away! [Flourish of Trumpets.—Exeunt all but Cordelia, L.

SCENE II.]

Enter EDGAR, R. U. E., and raises Cordelia.

Edg. (c.) Has Heaven then weighed the merit of my love,

Or is it the raving of a sickly thought? Could Burgundy forego so rich a prize, And leave her to despairing Edgar's arms? [Raises Cordelia, L

Smile, Princess, and convince me; for, as yet, I doubt, and dare not trust my dazzling joy.

Cor. Some comfort yet, that 'twas no vicious blot That has deprived me of a father's grace; But merely want of that, that makes me rich In wanting it: a smooth professing tongue. Oh, sisters! I am loth to call your fault As it deserves; but use our father well, And wronged Cordelia never shall repine.

Edg. Oh, heav'nly maid! thou art thyself thy dow'r. Richer in virtue than the stars in light; If Edgar's humble fortunes may be graced With thy acceptance, at thy feet he lays them. Ha! my Cordelia, dost thou turn away? What have I done t'offend thee ?

Cor. Talked of love.

Edg. Then I've offended oft; Cordelia, too, Has oft permitted me so to offend.

Cor. When, Edgar, I permitted your addresses, I was the darling daughter of a king! Nor can I now forget my royal birth, And live dependent on my lover's fortune; I cannot to so low a fate submit; And therefore study to forget your passion, And trouble me upon this theme no more. [Crosses :o R

Edg. Thus majesty takes most state in distress. How are we tossed on Fortune's fickle flood! The wave that with surprising kindness brought The dear wreck to my arms, has snatched it back, And left me mourning on the barren shore.

Cor. This baseness of the ignoble Burgundy Draws just suspicion on the race of men; His love was int'rest, so may Edgar's be, And he out with more compliment dissemble.

If so, I shal. oblige him by denying; But, if his love be fixed, such constant flame As warms my breast, if such I find his passion, My heart as grateful to his truth shall be, And cold Cordelia prove as kind as he.

Exit,

Exit R.

ACT J

Enter EDMUND, hastily, L.

Edm. Brother, I've found you in a lucky minute; Fly, and be safe! some villain has incensed Our father against your life.

Edg. Distressed Cordelia !---but, oh, more cruel !---Edm. Hear me, sir; your life, your life's in danger 'Wake, 'wake, sir.

Edg. Say you, brother ?-

No tears, good Edmund; if thou bring'st me tidings To strike me dead, for charity delay not; That present will befit so kind a hand.

Edm. Your danger, sir, comes on so fast, That I want time t'inform you; but retire, Whilst I take care to turn the pressing stream. Oh, gods! for heaven's sake, sir—

Edg. Pardon me, Edmund; But you talked of danger, And wished me to retire.—Must all our vows End thus?—Friend, I obey you.—Oh, Cordelia!

Edm. Ha! ha! Fond man! Such credulous honesty Lessens the glory of my artifice; His nature is so far from doing wrongs,

That he suspects none. [Takes out a letter.] If this letter speed,

And pass for Edgar's, as himself would own The counterfeit, but for the foul contents,

Then my designs are perfect.—Here comes Gloster.

Attempts to conceal the letter.

Enter GLOSTER, L.

Glos. Stay, Edmund, turn; what paper were you reading?

Edm. A trifle, sir

Glos. What needed, then, that terrible aespatch of it Into your pocket? Come, produce it, sir.

KINJ LEAR.

SCENE II.]

Edm. A letter from my brother, sir I had Just broke the seal, but know not the contents: [Gives the letter to Gloster.

Yet, fearing they might prove to blame, Endeavoured to conceal it from your sight.

Glos. This is Edgar's character.

[Reads.] "This policy of father's is intolerable, that keep our fortunes from us till age will not suffer us t enjoy them, I am weary of the tyranny. Come to me, that of this 1 may speak more. If our father would sleep till 1 waked him, you should enjoy half his possessions, and live beloved of your brother."

Sleep till I waked him, you should enjoy Half his possessions !— Edgar to write this 'Gainst his indulgent father ! Death and hell !

Crosses, R.

Exit. R.

Fly, Edmund, seek him out; wind me into him, That I may bite the traitor's heart, and fold His bleeding entrails on my vengeful arm.

Edm. Perhaps 'twas writ, my lord, to prove my virtue Glos. These late eclipses of the sun and moon

Can bode no less; love cools, and friendship fails; In cities mutiny, in countries discord; The bond of nature cracked 'twixt son and father.---

Find out the villain ! do it carefully,

And it shall lose thee nothing.

Edm. So, now my project's firm; but, to make sure I'll throw in one proof more, and that a bold one; I'll place old Gloster where he shall o'erhear us Confer of this design; whilst to his thinking, Deluded Edgar shall accuse himself. Be honesty my int'rest, and I can Be honest, too; and what saint so divine, That will successful villainy decline. [Exit, R.

SCENE III.— The Court before the Duke of Albany's Pa lace.

Enier KENT, disguised, R.

Kent. Now, banished Kent, if thou can'st pay thy duty In this disguise, where thou dost stand condemned, Thy master Lear shall find thee full of labours.

[Retires a little, R.

Enter KING LEAR, attended by his Physician, and three Knights, L.

Lear. (L.) In there, and tell our daughter we are here. [Exit 1st Knight, R.

Now, what art thou?

- 8

[Kent advances, R.

Kent. A man, sir.

Lear. What dost thou profess, or would'st with us?

Kent. I do profess to be no less than I seem, to serve him truly that puts me in trust, to love him that's honest, to converse with him that's wise and speaks little, to fight when I can't choose, and to eat no fish.

Lear. 1 say, what art thou?

Kent. A very honest-hearted fellow, and as poor as the king.

Lear. If thou art as poor for a subject as he is for a king, thou art poor enough.—Dost thou know me, fellow?

Kent. No, sir; but you have that in your countenance which I would fain call master.

Lear. What's that ?

Kent. Authority.

Lear. What services canst thou do ?

Kent. I can keep honest counsel, mar a curious tale in the telling, deliver a plain message bluntly; that which ordinary men are fit for, I am qualified in; and the best of me is diligence.

Lear. How old art thou ?

Kent. Not so young, sir, to love a woman for singing; nor so old, to dote on her for anything: I have years on my back forty-eight.

Lear. Thy name ?

Kent. Caius.

Lear. Follow me; thou shalt serve me.

Kent goes R. of 2d Knight.

Enter Oswald, L., singing, and passing King Lear care lessly.

Now, sir?

Osw. Sir!—Tol de rol, &c. [Exit, singing, H Lear. What says the fellow ? call the clodpole back. [Exeunt Kent and 2d Knight, R

SCENE III.]

KING LEAR.

Physic. (L.) My lord, I know not : bit, methinks, your nighness is entertained with slender ceremony.

Lear. Say'st thou so?

Thou but remember'st me of mine own conception.

Rc-enter Second Knight, R.

Why came not that slave back when I called him? 2d Knight. (R.) My lord, he answered i' th' surliest manner, that he would not. [Goes to his former place.

Lear. (L. c.) I hope our daughter did not so instruct him.

OSWALD is brought in by KENT, who puts him next to the King.

Now, who am I sir?

Osw. (c.) My lady's father.

Lear. My lady's father ! My lord's knave !

Strikes him.

Osw. I'll not be struck, my lord.

Kent. Nor tript neither, you vile civet box.

[Trips up his heels. Lear. I thank thee, fellow: thou serv'st me.

Kent. Come, sir, arise, away; l'll teach you differences. [Exit Oswald, crying out, R. U. E.—Kent pursues him with his staff till he is off the Stage, then returns to the Knights, L.

Gon. [Within, R.] By day and night, this is insufferable! I will not bear it!

Enter GONERIL, R. U. E., attended by a Page and two La dies.

Lear. (c.) Now, daughter, why that frontlet on ? Speak, does that frown become our presence?

Gon. (R.) Sir, this licentious insolence of your servants Is most unseemly: hourly they break out In quarrels, bred by their unbounded riots; I had fair hope, by making this known to you, To have had a quick redress; but find, too late, That you protect and countenance their outrage; And therefore, sir, I take this freedom, which Necessity makes discreet.

Lear. Are you cur laughter?

KING LEAK

Gon. Come, sir, let me entreat you to make use Of your discretion, and put off betimes

This disposition that of lete transforms you

From what you rightly are.

Lear. Does any here know me? Why, this is not Lear!

Does Lear walk thus? Speak thus? Where are his eyes?

Who is it that can tell me who I am Your name, fair gentlewoman?

Gon. Come, sir, this admiration's much o' th' savour Of other your new humours; I beseech you To understand my purposes:

As you are old, you should be staid and wise: Here do you keep an hundred knights and 'squires, Men so debauched and bold, that this our palace Shews like a riotous inn, a tavern, brothel: Be then advised by her, that else will take That which she begs, to lessen your attendants; Take half away, and see that the remainder Be such as may befit your age, and know Themselves and you.

Lear. Darkness and devils !---Saddle my horses, call my train together. Degenerate viper! I'll not stay with thee; I yet have left a daughter-Serpent! Monster!-Lessen my train, and call them riotous ! All men approved, of choice and rarest parts, That each particular of duty know.-How small, Cordelia, was thy fault !--Oh, Lear, Beat at this gate -- [Strikes his head.] -- that let thy folly in, And thy dear judgment out! Go, go, my people.

Enter ALBANY, R. U. E.

Ingrateful Duke !- Prepare my horses.- Was this your will?

Who stirs ?

Exit 3d Knight

[Aut .

Alb. What, sir ?

Lear. Death ! fifty of my followers at a clap ! Alb. [To Goneril.] The matter, madam?

Gon. Never afflict yourself to know the cause, But give nis dotage way

SCENE III.]

KING LEAR

Lear. Blasts upon thee! Th' untented woundings o. a father's curse Pierce every sense about thee !—Old fond eyes, Beweep this cause again, I'll pluck ye out, And cast ye, with the waters that ye lose, To temper clay.—No, Gorgon! thou shalt find That I'll resume the shape which thou dost think I have cast off forever.

Gon. (R.) Mark ye that?

Alb. (R. c.) I'm ignorant-

Lear. (L.) It may be so, my lord.—[Throws away his hat and staff as he falls on his knees.] Hear, Nature, hear;

Dear goddess, hear! Suspend thy purpose, if Thou didst intend to make this creature fruitful! Into her womb convey sterility! Dry up in her the organs of increase; That from her derogate body never spring A babe to honour her.—If she must teem, Create her child of spleen; that it may live, And be a thwart, disnatured torment to her! Let it stamp wrinkles in her brow of youth; With cadent tears fret channels in her cheeks; Turn all her mother's pains and benefits To laughter and contempt; that she may feel How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is, To have a thankless child!

[Kent and the Physician raise the King-the Firm Knight takes up his hat and staff.

Away! away!

Exeunt, King Lear and his Attendants, L., Albany Goneril, and their Attendants, R.

END OF ACT L

ACT II.

SCENE I.— The Earl of Gloster s Castle

- Enter Edmund, L.

Edm. (L.) The duke comes here to night; I'll take ad vantage

Of this arrival to complete my project. [Knocks, M. D. Brother, a word; come forth—'tis I, your friend!

Enter EDGAR, M. D., and comes forward.

My father watches for you, fly this place; Intelligence is given where you are hid! Take the advantage of the night.—Bethink, Have you not spoke against the Duke of Cornwad, Something might show you a favourer of Duke Albany's party?

Edg. (R.) Nothing; why ask you?

Edm. (L.) Because he's coming here to-night in haste, And Regan with him.

Edg. Let him come on; I'll stay and clear myself.

Edm. Your innocence at leisure may be heard,

But Gloster's storming rage as yet is deaf,

And you may perish ere allowed the hearing.

[Gloster without, L

This way, this way!

I hear our father coming-Pardon me :--

In cunning I must draw my sword upon you :---

Draw: seem to defend yourself: [They draw and fight. now quit you well.

Some blood drawn on me would beget opinion Of our more fierce encounter. I have seen Drunkards do more than this in sport.

Stabs himself in the arm.

Enter GLOSTER and two Servants, L., with torches. Glos. Now, Edmund, where's the traitor ?

(der 1.

SCENE II.

KING LEAR.

Edm. Here stood he in the dark, his sharp sword out Mumbling of wicked charms.

Glos. But where is he?

Edm Look, sir, I bleed ! [Wraps his arm up. Glos. Where is the villain, Ec mund ?

Edm. Sir, he is fled. When by no means he could— Glos. By no means what?

Edm. Persuade me to the murder of your lordship; But that I told him the revenging gods Gainst parricides did all their thunders bend; Spoke with how manifold and strong a bond The child was bound to the father; —sir, in fine, Eleeing how loathly opposite I stood To this unnatural purpose, in fell motion, With his preparéd sword, he charges home My unprovided body, lanced mine arm: I ut when he saw my best alarumed spirits, I old in the quarrel's right, roused to the encounter, (r whether gasted by the noise I made, I ull suddenly he fled.

Glos. Let him fly far, this kingdom shall not hide him. 'I he noble duke, my patron, comes to-night; Ry his authority I will proclaim Rewards for him that brings him to the stake, And death for the concealer; Then of my lands, loyal and natural boy, I'll work the means to make thee capable. [Execut, L.

SCENE II.— The Gates of Gloster's Castle.

Enter KENT, R., in disguise, and OSWALD, L.

Osw. Good dawning to thee, friend: art of the house Kent. Ask them will answer thee.

Osw. Where may we set our horses?

Kent. I' th' mire.

Osw. I am in haste: pr'ythee, an' thou lov'st me, tell ie.

Kent. I love thee not.

Osw. Why, then, I care not for thee.

Kent. An' I had thee in Lipsbury pinfold, I'd make thee care for me.

Isw. What dost thou mean ? I know thee not.

Kent. But, minion, I know thee.

Osw. What dost thou know me for ?

Kent. For a base, proud, beggarly, white-live ed, glassgazing super-serviceable, finical rogue; one that would be a pimp in way of good service, and art nothing but a composition of knave, beggar, coward, pander—

Osw. What a monstrous fellow art thou, to rail at one that is neither known of thee, nor knows thee !

Kent. Impadent slave ! not know me, who but two days since tripped up thy heels before the king ? Draw, miscreant, or I'll make the moon shine through thee.

[Draws his sword.

Osw. What means the fellow? I tell thee, I have nothing to do with thee.

Kent. Draw, you rascal. I know your rogueship's office: you come with letters against the king, taking my young lady Vanity's part against her royal father: Draw, rascal.

Osw. Murder, murder, help!

[Exit, Kent after him, R. S. E.

Flourish of Trumpets. Enter DUKE OF CORNWALL, RE-GAN, Captain of the Gxard, Attendants, GLOSTER, and EDMUND, from the Gaies, L. C.

Glos. All welcome to your graces: you do me honour Corn. Gloster, we have heard with sorrow that your life

Has been attempted by your impious son.

But Edmund here has paid you strictest duty.

Glos. He did bewray his practice, and received The hurt you see, striving to apprehend him.

Corn. Is he pursued?

Glos. He is, my lord.

Reg. Use our authority to apprehend The traitor, and do justice on his head. For you, Edmund, that have signalized Your virtue, you from henceforth shall be ours; Natures of such firm trust we much shall need.

Corn. Lay comfort, noble Gloster, to your breast, As we to ours. This night be spent in revels. We choose you, Gloster, for our host to-night, A troublesome expression of our love SCENE II.]

KING LEAR.

On, to the sports before us! [Noise with.z, R.] Who are these?

Enter OSWALD, R., and crosses, L., pursued by KENT, Oswald crying out for help. The Captain of the Guard stops Kent, R., and retires a little, R.

Glos. (c.) Now, what's the matter ?

Corn. (c.) Keep peace, upon your lives; he dies that strikes.

Whence, and what are ye?

Reg. The messengers from our sister and the king. Corn. Your difference? speak.

Osw. (L. c.) I'm scarce in breath, my lord.

Kent. No marvel, you have so bestirred your valour. Nature disclaims the dastard ; a tailor made him.

Corn. Speak yet, how grew your quarrel?

Osw. Sir, this old ruffian here, whose life I spared In pity to his beard—

Kent. (R.) Thou essence-bottle !

n pity to my beard !-Your leave, my lord,

And I will tread the musk-cat into mortar!

Corn. Know'st thou our presence ?

Kent. (R. C.) Yes, sir, but anger has a privilege.

Corn. Why art thou angry ?

Kent. That such a slave as this should wear a sword, And have no courage; office, and no honesty;

Not frost and fire hold more antipathy

Than I and such a knave!

Glos. Why dost thou call him knave?

Kent. His countenance likes me not.

Corn. No more, perhaps, does mine, nor his, or hera

Kent. Plain dealing is my trade; and to be plain, sir, I have seen better faces in my time,

Than stand on any shoulders now before me.

Reg. (L. c.) This is some fellow, that having once been praised

For bluntness, affects a saucy rudeness :

But I have known one of these surly knaves,

That in his plainness harboured more Jesign

Than twenty cringing complimenting minions.

Corn. What's the offence you gave him ?

Osw. Never any, sir;

FAGEIL

It pleased the king, his master, lately To strike me on a slender misconstruction; Whilst, watching his advantage, this old lurcher Tript me behind, for which the king extolled him; And, flushed with the honour of this bold exploit, Drew on me here again.

Corn. The stocks! [Two Guards execut at the Gate.] we'll teach you.

Kent. Sir, I am too old to learn; I serve the king,

On whose employment 1 was sent to you: You'll show too small respect, and too bold malice. Against the person of my royal master, Stocking his messenger.

Re-enter two GUARDS, with the Stocks and Seat, which they place R. of the Gates.

Corn. As 1 have life and honour,

There shall he sit till noon.[Guards seize Kent.Reg. Till noon, my lord !Till night, and all night, tooKent. Why, madam, if I were your father's dog,

You would not use me so.

Reg. Sir, being his knave, I will.

[Captain and Guards lead Kent away, and put him in the Stocks.

Glos. Let me beseech your graces to forbear him; His fault is much, and the good king, his master, Will check him for't: but needs must take it ill To be thus slighted in his messenger.

Corn. We'll answer that ; Our sister may receive it worse to have Her gentleman assaulted. To our business, lead.

^rFlourish.—Excunt all but Gloster and Oswald, inter the Castle, L.

Glos. I am sorry for thee, friend; 'tis the duke's pleasure,

Whose disposition will not be controlled.

But I'll intreat for thee.

Kent. Pray do not, sir.

I have watched and travelled hard;

Some time 1 shall sleep out, the rest I'll whistle :

SCENE III.]

Farewell t'ye, sir.

[Exit Gloster into the Castle.—Osward remains on the Stage, mocks and insults Kent, then follows Gloster into the Castle.

Good king, that must approve the common saw ! Thou out of heaven's benediction com'st To the warm sun.—All weary and o'erwatched, I feel the drowsy guest steal on me; take Advantage, heavy eyes, of this kind slumber, Not to behold this vile and shameful lodging.

[Sleeps

SCENE 111.—A Forest.

Enter EDGAR, L., muffled up.

Edg. I heard myself proclaimed, And, by the friendly hollow of a tree, Escaped the hunt. No port is free, no place, Where guards and most unusual vigilance Do not attend to take me.—How easy now 'Twere to defeat the malice of my trial, And leave my griefs on my sword's reeking point; But love detains me from death's peaceful cell, Still whispering me, Cordelia's in distress : Unkind as she is, I cannot see her wretched, But must be near to wait upon her fortune. Who knows but the blest minute yet may come, When Edgar may do service to Cordelia? That charming hope still ties me to the oar Of painful life, and makes me, too, submit To th' humblest shifts that keep life a-foot. My face I will besmear, and knit my locks; The country gives me proof and precedent Of Bedlam beggars, who, with roaring voices, Strike in their numbed and mortified bare arms Pins, iron spikes, thorns, sprigs of rosemary : And thus from sheep-cotes, villages and mills, Sometimes with pray'rs, sometimes with lunatic bans, Enforce their charity. Poor Turlygood ! poor Tom ! That's something yet-Edgar I am no more. | Exit.

[ACT 'l

SCENE IV. - Before the Earl of Gluster's Castle.--KENT discovered in the Stocks.-Flourish of Trumpets, L.

Enter KING LEAR and PHYSICIAN, L., KNIGHTS, L. S. E.

Lear. 'Tis strange, that they should so depart from home,

And not send back our messenger.

Kent. Hail, noble master!

Lear. (c.) How ! mak'st thou this shame thy pastime, What's he that has so much mistook thy place, To set thee here?

Kent. It is both he and she, sir-your son and daughter. Lear. No. Kent. Yes.

Lear. No, I say.

Kent. I say, yea.

Lear. They durst not do't; They could not, would not do't: Resolve me with all modest haste, which way Thou may'st deserve, or they impose this usage.

Kent. My lord, when at their home I did commend your highness' letters to them, Ere I was ris'n, arrived another post, Stewed in his haste, breathless, and panting forth From Goneril, his mistress, salutations; Whose message being delivered, they took horse, Commanding me to follow, and attend The leisure of their answer; which I did: But meeting here that other messenger, Whose welcome I perceived had poisoned mine, Being the very fellow that of late Had shewn such rudeness to your highness; I, Having more man than wit about me, drew; On which he raised the house with coward cries : This was the trespass, which your son and daughter Thought worth the shame you see it suffer here.

Lear. Oh! this spleen swells upwards to my heart, And heaves for passage ! Down, thou climbing rage, Thy element's below. Where is this daughter ?

Enter GLOSTER, from the Castle, R., and advances. Kent. Within, sir, at a masque.

BCENE IV.]

Lear. (1.) Now, Floster ?- Ha!

[.G.oster whispers Lear.

Deny to speak with me? Th'are sick, th'are weary They've travelled hard to-night ?—Mere fetches, sir; Bring me a better answer.

Glos. My dear lord,

You know the fiery quality of the duke-Lear. Vengeance! death! plague! confusion!

Glos. I have informed them so.

Lear. Informed them ? dost thou understand me, man ? I tell thee, Gloster—

Glos. Ay, my good lord.

Lear. The king would speak with Cornwall; the dear father

Would with his daughter speak, commands her service: Are they informed of this? My breath and blood! Fiery? The fiery duke? Tell the hot duke— No, but not yet; may be, he is not well; Infirmity doth still neglect all office; I beg his pardon, and I'll chide my rashness, That took the indisposed and sickly fit For the sound man.—But wherefore sits he there? Death on my state! This act convinces me [Pointing to the Stocks. That this retiredness of the duke and her,

Is plain contempt.—Give me my servant forth. Go, tell the duke and's wife l'd speak with 'em, Now, instantly.—Bid 'em come forth and hear me; Or at their chamber door I'll beat the drum, 'Till it cry, Sleep to death. [Going up towards Gates.

Enter CORNWALL, REGAN, Page, two Soldiers, Captain of the Guard, and Guards, from the Castle, 1. c.

Oh! are you come?

Corn. (R.) Health to the king!

Reg. (R. c.) I am glad to see your highness.

Lcar. (c.) Regan, I think you are : I know what cause I have to think so. Should'st thou not be glad, I would divorce me from thy mother's tomb,

29

Sepulchring an adulteress-

[Crosses to Regan.—Cornwall signs to Captain of the Guard, Cuptain to the two Guards—they set Kenn at liberty, who goes R. of physician, behind the King Belovéd Regan, thou wilt shake to hear

What I shall utter;—thou could'st ne'er ha' thought it;— Thy sister's naught! Oh, Regan! she hath tied Ingratitude, like a keen vulture, here; I scarce can speak to thee.

Reg. I pray you, sir, take patience; I have hope That you know less to value her desert, Than she to slack her duty.

Lear. Ha! How's that ?

Reg. I cannot think my sister in the least Would fail in her respects; but if, perchance, She has restrained the riots of your followers, 'Tis on such grounds, and to such wholesome ends, As clear her from all blame.

Lear. My curses on her!

Reg. (R. C.) Oh, sir, you're old,

And should content you to be ruled and led By some discretion that discerns your state, Better than you yourself; therefore, good sir, Return to our sister, and say you have wronged her.

Lear. (c.) Ha! ask her forgiveness! Do you but mark how this becomes the house :

[Kneeling.

Rises

[ACT II

Dear daughter, I confess that I am old : Age is unnecessary; on my knees I beg, That you'll vouchsafe me raiment, bed, and food.

Reg. Good sir, no more of these unsightly passions; Return back to our sister.

Lear. Never, Regan; She hath abated me of half my train,

Looked black upon me, stabbed me with her tongue: All the stored vengeances of heaven fall

On her ingrateful head ! Strike her young bones, Ye taking airs, with lameness !

Reg. Oh, the blest gods ! thus will you wish on me, When the rash mood—

Lear. No, Regan, thou shalt never have my curse, Thy tender nature cannot give thee o'er

SCENE IV.]

To such impiety: thou better know'st The offices of nature, bond of childhood, And dues of gratitude; thou bear'st in mind The half o' th' kingdom, which our love conierred On thee and thine.

Reg. Good sir, to th' purpose.

Lear. Who put my man i' th' stocks ?

[Trumpet sounas, L

Corn. What trumpet's that ? Reg. I know't, my sister's; this confirms her letters.

Enter OSWALD, L.

Sir, is your lady come ?

Lear. More torture still!

Out, varlet, from my sight!

Strikes Oswald, who crosses towards Kent, who threatens him-he then escapes, R. U. E., crying out.

Corn. What means your grace?

Lear. Who stocked my servant? Regan, I have hope Thou didst not know it. [Trumpet sounds.

Enter GONERIL, Page, two Ladies, Guards, and two Banners, L.

Who comes here? Oh, heavens! [Crosses, R. If you do love old men; if your sweet sway Allow obedience; if yourselves are old,

Make it your cause : send down, and take my part ! (c.) [To Goneril.] Why, Gorgon, dost thou come to haunt me

here?

Art not ashamed to look upon this beard?

[Regan takes Goneril by the hand.

Darkness upon my eyes, they play me false !

Oh, Regan, wilt thou take her by the hand?

Gon. Why not by th' hand, sir? [Crosses to Lear.] How have I offended?

All's not offence that indiscretion finds, And dotage terms so.

Lear. (c.) Heart, thou art too tough!

Reg. I pray you, sir, being old, confess you are so. If, till the expiration of your month,

You will return, and sojourn with our sister,

Dismissing half your train, come then to me :

A (1)

I'm now from home, and out of that provision That shall be needful for your entertainment.

Lear. Return with her, and fifty knights dismissed ? No, rather I'll abjure all roofs, and choose To be companion to the midnight wolf, My naked head exposed to th' merciless air,

[Throws down his hat, Kent takes it up

Than have my smallest wants supplied by her.

Gon. At your choice, sir.

Lear. Now, I pr'ythee, daughter, do not make me mad! I will not trouble thee, my child; farewell; Let shame come when it will, I do not call it; I do not bid the thunder-bearer strike, Nor tell tales of thee to avenging heaven. Mend when thou canst; be better at thy leisure; I can be patient, I can stay with Regan, I and my hundred knights.

Reg. Your pardon, sir;

I looked not for you yet, nor am provided For your fit welcome.

Lear. Is this well spoken, now?

Reg. My sister treats you fair. What ! fifty followers? Is it not well? What should you need of more?

Gon. Why might not you, my lord, receive attendance From those whom she calls servants, or from mine?

Reg. Why not, my lord ? If then they chance to slack you,

We could control them. If you come to me, For now I see the danger, I intreat you To bring but five-and-twenty; to no more Will I give place.

Lear. I gave you all!

Reg. And in good time you gave it.

Lear. Hold now, my temper! stand this bolt unmoved, And I am thunder-proof! It begins to rain.

Gon. (L.) Hear me, my lord. What need you five-and-twenty, ten, or five, To follow in a house, where twice so many Have a command t' attend you ?

[Distant thunde Reg. (R.) What need one? Lear. (c.) Heav'ns, drop your patience down ! You see me here, ye gods, a poor old man.

SCERE I.]

KING LEAR.

As full of grief as age, wretched in both !--If it be you that stir these daughters' hearts Against their father, fool me not so much To bear it tamely; touch me with noble anger Oh, let not woman's weapons, water drops, Stain my man's cheek !- No, you unnatural hags, I will have such revenges on you both, That all the world shall-I will do such things, What they are, yet I know not; but they shall be The terrors of the earth !- [Crosses, L.] You think I'll weep: No, I'll not weep: I have full cause of weeping; but this heart Shall break into a hundred thousand flaws, [Rain and tl under. Or ere I'll weep !--Oh, gods, I shall go mad! [Excunt King Lear, Kent, Knights, L. E., Cornwall, Regan, Goneril, Gloster, Oswald, and Attendants

into the Castle, L.

END OF ACT II.

ACT III.

Scene I.—A Desert Heath.—Stage darkened.—Ram, Thunder, and Lightning.

Enter LEAR and KENT, L. S. E.

Lear. (c.) Blow, wind, and crack your cheeks ! rage ! blow !

You cataracts and hurricanoes, spout 'Till you've drenched our steeples ! You sulph'rous and thought-executing fires, 'Vaunt couriers to oak-cleaving thunderbolts, Singe my white head ! And thou, all-shaking thur der, Strike flat the thick rotundity o' the world ! Crack nature's moulds, all germins spill at once That make ingrateful man !

Kent. (L. c.) Not all my best intreaties can persuade him

[ACT []]

Into some needful shelter, or to 'bide This poor slight covering on his agéd head, Exposed to this wild war of earth and heav'n. [Thunder, lightning, and ram.

Lear. Rumble thy fill! fight, whirlwind, rain, and fire ! Not fire, wind, rain, or thunder are my daughters : I tax not you, ye elements, with unkindness ; I never gave you kingdoms, called you children ; You owe me no obedience.—Then let fall Your horrible pleasure !—Here I stand your slave, A poor, infirm, weak, and despised old man.— [Rain, thunder, and lightning.

Yet I will call you servile ministers, That have with two pernicious daughters joined Your high engendered battle, 'gainst a head So old and white as this! Oh! oh! 'tis foul! *Kent.* Hard by, sir, is a hovel, that will lend

Some shelter from this tempest.

Lear. I will forget my nature. What, so kind a father ?---

Ay, there's the point. [Rain, thunder, and lightning Kent. (c.) Consider, good my liege, things that love night,

Love not such nights as this; these wrathful skies Gallow the very wanderers of the dark, And make them keep their caves: such drenching rain,

Such sheets of fire, such claps of horrid thunder,

Such groans of roaring winds, have ne'er been known! [Thunder very loud.

Lear. Let the great gods. That keep this dreadful pother o'er our heads, Find out their enemies now. Tremble, thou wretch, That hast within thee undiscovered crimes !— Hide, hide, thou murd'rer, hide thy bloody hand ! — Thou perjured villain, holy hypocrite, That drink'st the widow's tears, sigh now, and ask These dreadful summoners grace !—I am a man More sinned against, than sinning. [Crosses, R.

Kent. Good sir, to th' hovel.

Lear. (R.) My wits begin to turn. [Lightning. Come on, my boy: How dost, my boy? an cold? I'm cold myself! Shew me this straw, my fellow;

BCENE II.J

The art of our necessity is strange, And can make vile things precious. My $p \in \pi$ krave, Cold as I am at heart, I've one place there That's sorry yet for thee.

[Rain-Thunder-Lightning.-Exeunt, R.

SCENE II.—A Room in Gloster's Castle.

Enter Edmund, R.

Edm. The storm is in our louder revellings drowned— Thus would I reign, could I but mount a throne. The riots of these proud imperial sisters, Already have imposed the galling yoke Of taxes and hard impositions on The drudging peasant's neck, who bellows out His loud complaints in vain.—Triumphant queens ! With what assurance do they tread the crowd ! Oh ! for a taste of such majestic beauty, Which none but my hot veins are fit t' engage : Nor are my wishes desp'rate ; for e'en now, During the banquet, I observed their glances Shot thick at me ; and, as they left the room, Each cast, by stealth, a kind inviting smile, The happy earnest—ha !

Enter two PAGES, from opposite sides, each delivers him a letter, and execut, R. and L.

[Reads.] "Where merit is so transparent, not to behold it were blindness, and not to reward it, ingratitude. "GONERIL."

Enough! blind and ungrateful should I be, Not to obey the summons of this cracle. Now for the second letter.

[Reads.] " If modesty be not your enemy, doubt not to find me your friend. "REGAN."

Excellent Sybil! Oh, my glowing blood! am already sick with expectation,

And pant for the possession.—Here Gloster comes, With business on his brow ;—be hushed, my joys!

Enter GLOSTER, L.

Glos. (L.) I come to seek thee, Edmund, to impart a usiness of importance. I know thy loyal heart is touch

K NG LEAR.

ed to see the cruelty of these ungrateful daughters against our royal master.

Edm. Most savage and unnatural.

Glos. Thou, Edmund, art my trusty emissary. Haste on the spur, at the first break of day, With these despatches to the Duke of Cambray.

[Gives him letters You know what mortal feuds have always flamed Between this Duke of Cornwall's family, and his; Full twenty thousand hardy mountaineers The inveterate prince will send to our assistance. Dispatch; commend us to his grace, and prosper.

Exit, L

[Aci II]

Edm. Yes, credulous old man, I will commend you to his grace, His grace the Duke of Cornwall :—instantly, I'll shew him these contents in thy own character, And sealed with thy own signet; then forthwith The choleric duke gives sentence on thy life, And to my hand thy vast revenues fall, To glut my pleasures that till now have starved.

Retires, R.

GLOSTER returns, L., followed by CORDELIA and ARANTHE poorly dressed.—Edmund observing at a distance.

Cor. (L.) Turn, Gloster, turn; by all the sacred power I do conjure you, give my griefs a hearing: [Kncels. You must, you shall,—nay, I am sure you will; For you were always styled the just and good.

Glos. (c.) What would'st thou, princess? Rise, and speak thy griefs.

Cor. Nay, you shall promise to redress 'em, too, Or here I kneel forever. I entreat

Thy succour for a father, and a king-

An injured father, and an injured king.

Edm. (R.) [Aside.] Oh, charming sorrow! How Let tears adorn her!

Glos. Consider, princess, [Raises her.

For whom thou begg'st—'tis for the king that wronged thee.

Cor. Oh, name not that ! he did not, could not wrong me !

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SCENE II.

Nay, muse not, Gloster; for it is too licely The injured king ere this is past your aid, And gone distracted with his savage wrongs. Edm. [Aside.] I'll gaze no more; —and yet my eyes are charmed ! Cor. Or, what if it be worse ?- Can there be worse ? Ah, 'tis too probable, this furious night Has pierced his tender body; the bleak winds And cold rain chilled, or lightning struck him dead; If it be so, your promise is discharged, And I have only one poor boon to beg,-That you convey me to his breathless trunk, With my torn robes to wrap his hoary head, With my torn hair to bind his hands and feet; Then with a shower of tears To wash his clay-smeared cheeks, and die beside him. Glos. Oh, fair Cordelia, thou hast piety Enough t' atone for both thy sister's crimes; I have already plotted to restore

My injured master; and thy virtue tells me We shall succeed, and suddenly.

Cor. Dispatch, Aranthe; For in this disguise we'll instantly Go seek the king, and bring him some relief. [Crosses, L. Aran. How, madam! are you ignorant That your most impious sisters have decreed Immediate death for any that relieve him?

Immediate death for any that relieve him ? Cor. I cannot dread the furies in this cause !

Aran. In such a night as this ? Consider, madam, For many miles about there's scarce a bush To shelter in.

Cor. Therefore no shelter for the king, And more our charity to find him out.
What have not women dared for vicious love ? And we'll be shining proofs that they can dare
For piety as much.
Biow, winds, and lightnings fall ;
Bold in my virgin innocence, I'll fly
My royal father to relieve, or die.

[Execut Cordelia and Aranthe, L. Edm. "In this disguise, we'll instantly Go seek the king!"--Ha! ha! a lucky change

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Exit, R.

That virtue, which I feared would be my hindrance, Has proved the bawd to my design. I'll bribe two ruffians, shall at distance follow, And seize them in some desert place; and there, Whilst one retains her, t' other shall return T' inform me where she's lodged. I'll be disguised, too. Whilst they are poaching for me, I'll to the duke With these dispatches; then to the field, Where, like the vig'rous Jove, I will enjoy This Semele in a storm; 'twill deaf her cries, Like drums in battle, lest her groans should pierce My pitying ear, and make the am'rous fight less fierce.

Exit, L.

[Acr III

Scene III.—Another Part of the Heath.—Rain—Thunder—Lightning.—Lamps down.

Enter KING LEAR and KENT, L.

Kent. Here is the place, my lord; good my lord, enter: The tyranny of this open night's too rough For nature to endure. [Storm increases.

Lear. Let me alone.

Kent. Good my lord, enter.

Lear. Wilt break my heart?

Kent. I'd rather break my own.

Lear. Thou think'st 'tis much that this contentious storm

Invades us to the skin; so 'tis to thee; But where the greater malady is fixed, The lesser is scarce felt. The tempest in my mind Doth from my senses take all feeling else, Save what beats there. Filial ingratitude! Is it not as this mouth should tear this hand For lifting food to't ?—But l'll punish home! No, I will weep no more. [*Rain—Thunder—Lightning* In such a night To shut me out !—Pour on, I will endure— Is such a night as this! Oh, Regan, Goneril! Your old kind father, whose frank heart gave all— Oh, that way madness lies! let me shun that—

No more of that. [Crossee, L. Kent. See, my lord, here's the entrance.

Leas. Well, I'll go in,

SCENE III.]

KING LEAR.

And pass it all: I'll pray, and then I'll sleep. [Thunder Poor naked wretches, wheresoe'er you are,

That 'bide the pelting of this pitiles storm, How shall your houseless heads and unfed sides Sustain this shock—your raggedness defend you From seasons such as these? Oh, I have ta'en Too little care of this. Take physic, pomp: Expose thyself to feel what wretches feel, That thou may'st cast the superflux to ther, And show the heav'ns more just!

Edgar. [In the Hovel, R. U. E., throwing out Straw.] Five fathom and a half.—Poor Tom !

Kent. (c.) What art thou, that dost grumble there i' th' straw ? Come forth !

Enter EDGAR, disguised, from the Hovel, R. U. E.—He advances, R.

Edg. Away! the foul fiend follows me—Through the sharp hawthorn blows the cold wind—Mum, go to thy bed. and warm thee.—[Aside.] Ha! what do I see? By all my griefs, the poor old king bare-headed, And drenched in this foul storm! Professing Syrens, Are all your protestations come to this?

Lear. (L.) Tell me, fellow, did'st thou give all to thy two daughters? [Crosses to Edgar, R.

Edg. (R. c.) Who gives anything to poor Tom, whom the foul fiend has led through fire and through flame, through bushes and bogs; that has laid knives under his pillow, and halters in his pew: that has made him proud of heart to ride on a bay trotting horse over four-inched bridges, to course his own shadow for a traitor? Bless thy five wits! Tom's a-cold. Bless thee from whirlwinds, star-blasting, and taking! Do poor Tom some charity, whom the foul fiend vexes. Sa, sa; there, I could have him now, and there, and there again.

Strikes with his Staff.

Lear. (R. c.) What, have his daughters brought him to this pass! Could'st thou save nothing? Didst thou give them all?

Kent. (L. C.) He has no daughter, sir.

Lear. Death, traitor ! nothing could have si bdued nature To such a lowness, but his unkind daughters.

Edg. Pillicock sat upon pillicock hill; hallo, hallo, hallo!

Lear. Is it the fashion that discarded fathers Should have such little mercy on their flesh? Judicious punishment! 'Twas this flesh begot Those pelican daughters.

Edg. Take heed of the foul fiend; obey thy parents keep thy word justly; swear not; commit not with man's sworn spouse; set not thy sweet heart on proud array [Wind and rain.] Tom's a-cold.

Lear. What hast thou been?

Edg. A serving-man, proud of heart; that curled my hair; used perfume and washes; that served the lust of my mistress's heart, and did the act of darkness with her, swore as many oaths as I spoke words; and broke them all in the sweet face of heaven. Let not the paint, nor the patch, nor the rustling of silks, betray thy poor heart to woman; keep thy foot out of brothels, thy hand out of plackets, thy pen from creditors' books, and defy the foul fiend! [Wind.] Still through the hawthorn blows the cold wind. Ha, no nonny, dolphin my boy, my boy, sessa; let him trot by.

Lear. Death! thou wert better in thy grave, than thus to answer with thy uncovered body this extremity of the sky. Yet consider him well, and man's no more than this; thou art indebted to the worm for no silk, to the beast for no hide, to the cat for no perfume. Ha! here's two of us are sophisticated: thou art the thing itself; unaccommodated man is no more than such a poor, bare, forked ani nal as thou art.

Off, off, ye vain disguises, empty lendings, [Tares his clotha i'll be my original self; quick, quick, uncase me.

Kent. Defend his wits, good heaven!

Lear. One point I had forgot: what is your name?

Edg. Poor Tom, that eats the swimming frog, the wali newt and the water-newt; that in the fury of his heart, when the foul fiend rages, eats cow-dung for salads, swallows the old rat and the ditch-dog; that drinks the green mantle of the standing pool; that's whipped from tything to tything; that has three suits to his back; six shirts to his body;

Horse to 1.de, and weapon to wear;

But rats and mice, and such small deer,

Have been Tom's food for seven long year.

Beware my followers; peace, Smolkin, peace, thou foul fiend !

Lear. One word more, but be sure true counsel:-tell me, is a madman a gentleman, or a yeoman?

Kent. [Aside.] I feared 'twould come to this: his wits are gone.

Edg. Frateretto calls me, and tells me, Nero is an angler in the lake of darkness. Pray innocent, and beware the foul fiend !

Lear. Right, ha, ha!—was it not pleasant to have a thousand with red-hot spits come hissing in upon them?

Edg. [Aside.] My tears begin to take his part so much, they mar my counterfeiting.

Lear. The little dogs and all, Tray, Blanch, and Sweetheart, see, they bark at me.

Edg. Tom will throw his head at 'em : 'vaunt, ye curs! Be thy mouth or black or white,

Tooth that poisons, if it bite:

Mastiff, greyhound, mongrel grim,

Hound or spaniel, brache or lym,

Bob-tail tike, or trundle tail,

Tom will make 'em weep and wail;

For with throwing thus my head,

Dogs leap the hatch, and all are fled.

See, see! [Throws his straw head-dress at them. Come, march to wakes, and fairs, and market towns. Poor Tom, thy horn is dry. [Crosses, L.

Lear. You, sir, I entertain you for one of my hundred; only I do not like the fashion of your garments; you'll say they're Persian; but no matter, let 'em be changed.

Edg. This is the foul fiend Flibber igibbet; he begins a curfew, and walks till the first cock : he gives the web, and the pin; knits the elflock; squints the eye, and makes the hair lip; mildews the white wheat, and hurts the poor creatures of the earth.

Saint Withold footed thrice the wold;

He met the night-mare and her nine fold

'Twas there he did appoint her; He oid her alight, and her troth plight, And aroint the witch, aroint her.

ATT ID

Enter GLOSTER and two Servants with Torenes, 1.

Glos. What, has your grace no better company?

Edg. The prince of darkness is a gentleman; Modu he is called, and Mahu.

Glos. [To Lear.] Go with me, sir; hard by I have a tenant. My duty cannot suffer me to obey in all your daughters' hard commands; though their injunctions be to bar my doors, and let this tyrannous night take hold upon you, yet I have ventured to come seek you out, and oring you where both fire and food are ready.

Kent. Good my lord, take this offer.

Lear. First, let me talk with this philosopher.

[Lear and Edgar sit on the ground.

Say, Stagyrite, what is the cause of thunder?

Glos. (R.) Beseech you, sir, go with me.

Lear. (c.) I'll talk a word with this same learnéd Theban.

What is your study?

Edg. (L. c.) How to prevent the fiend, and to kill vermin.

Lear. Let me ask you a word in private.

Whispers Edgar.

Kent. (R. c.) [To Glos.] His wits are quite unsettled; good sir, let's force him hence.

Glos. [To Kent.] Can'st blame him ? His daughters seek his death,

This bedlam but disturbs him the more : fellow, begone. [Edgar rises

Edg. Child Rowland to the dark tower came, His word was still fie, foh, and fum, [Crosses, R. I smell the blood of a British man.—[Aside.] Oh, torture | [Exit, R. U. E., into the Hovel.

Glos. Now, 1 p'rythee, friend, let's take him in our arms:

There is a litter ready; lay him in't,

And drive toward Dover, friend, where thou shalt meet Both welcome and protection.

Good sir, along with us.

Lear. You say right; let 'em anatomize Regan, see what breeds about her heart. Is there any cause in nature for these hard hearts ?

SCENE III.]

KING LEAR.

Kent. I beseech your grace— [T'hey raise him.

Lear. Hist !---make no noise, make no noise;--draw the curtains; closer, closer;---so, so, so, so---we'll go to supper i' the morning----so, so, so.

[Falls asleep, and is carried off by Gloster and Kent R.—Thunder and Lightning.

Enter Cordelia and Aranthe, L. U. E.

Aran. Dear madam, rest you here, our search is vain, Look, here's a shed; beseech you, enter here.

Cor. Pr'ythee, go in thyself, seek thy own ease; Where the mind's free, the body's delicate; This tempest but diverts me from the thought Of what would hurt me more.

Enter two RUFFIANS, L. U. E.

1st Ruff. We've dogged them far enough; this place is private; I'll keep 'em prisoners here within this hovel, whilst you return and bring Lord Edmund hither: but help me first to house 'em.—Now, dispatch.

[They seize Cordelia and Aranthe. Cor. Help !—murder !—help !—Gods, some kind thunderbolt

To strike me dead ! Aran. Help! help!

Enter Edgar from the Hovel, R. U. E

Edg. What cry was that !---Ha ! women seized by rutfians !

Is this a place and time for villainy ? Avaunt, ye bloodhounds !

[Drives them off with his quarter-staff, L. Oh, speak, what are ye, that appear to be O' the tender sex, and yet unguarded wander Through the dead mazes of this dreadful night, Where, though at full, the clouded moon scarce darts Imperfect glimmerings ?

Cor. First, say, what art thou? Our Guardian Angel, that wert pleased to assume That horrid shape to fright the ravishers? We'll kneel to thee. [Kneels

Edg. [Aside.] Oh, my tumultuous blood!

[Acr L

By all my trembling veins, Cordelia's voice ! 'Tis she herself!—My senses, sure, conform To my wild garb, and I am mad indeed !

Cor. Whate'er thou art, befriend a wretched virgin, And if thou can'st, direct our weary search.

Edg. Who relieves poor Tom, that sleeps on the nettle, with the hedge-pig for his pillow?

Whilst Smug plyed the bellows,

She trucked with her fellows;

The freckle-faced Mab

Was a blouze and a drab,

Yet Swithen made Oberon jealous.—[Aside.] Oh, torture !

Aran. Alack! madam, a poor wand'ring lunatic.

Cor. And yet his language seemed but now well-tempered.

Speak, friend, to one more wretched than thyself; And if thou hast one interval of sense,

Inform us, if thou canst, where we may find

A poor old man, who through this heath hath strayed

The tedious night.—Speak—saw'st thou such a one?

Edg. [Aside.] The king, her father, whom she's come to seek

Through all the terrors of this night! Oh, gods!

That such amazing piety, such tenderness,

Should yet to me be cruel !---

Yes, fair one, such a one was lately here,

And is conveyed by some that came to seek him

To a neighbouring cottage; but distinctly where,

I know not.

Cor. Blessings on them !

[Crosses, R.

Let's find him out, Aranthe; for thou see'st We are in heaven's protection. [Going off, R

Edg. (c.) Oh, Cordelia!

Cor. Ha! thou know'st my name.

Edg. As you did once know Edgar's. Cor. Edgar!

Edg. The poor remains of Edgar, what Your scorn has left him.

Cor. Do we wake, Aranthe?

Edg. My father seeks my life, which I preserved.

In hope of some blest minute to oblige

SCENE III.]

KING LEAR

Distressed Cordelia, and the gods have given it ! That thought alone prevailed with me to take This frantic dress, to make the earth my bed, With these bare limbs all change of seasons 'bide, Noon's scorching heat, and midnight's piercing cold, To feed on offals, and to drink with herds, To combat with the winds, and be the sport Of clowns, or, what's more wretched yet, their pity.

Cor. Was ever tale so full of misery !

Edg. But such a fall as this, I grant, was due To my aspiring love; for 'twas presumptuous, Though not presumptuously pursued; For, well you know, I wore my flame concealed, And silent, as the lamps that burn in tombs; Till you perceived my grief, with modest grace Drew forth the secret, and then sealed my pardon.

Cor. You had your pardon, nor can challenge more. Edg. What do I challenge more ? Such vanity agrees not with these rags:

When in my prosp'rous state, rich Gloster's heir, You silenced my pretences, and enjoined me To trouble you upon that theme no more; Then what reception must love's language find From these bare limbs, and beggar's humble weeds?

Cor. Such as the voice of pardon to a wretch condemned Such as the shouts

Of succouring forces to a town besieged.

Edg. Ah! what new method new of cruelty?

Cor. Come to my arms, thou dearest, best of men, And take the kindest vows that e'er were spoke By a protesting maid.

Edg. Is't possible !

Cor. By the dear vital stream that bathes my heart, These hallswed rags of thine, and naked virtue, These abject tassels, these fantastic shreds, To me are dearer than the richest pomp Of purpled monarchs.

Edg. Generous, charming maid! [*They embrace Cor.* Cold and weary,

We'll rest awhile, Aranthe, on that straw, Then forward to find out the poor old king. *Exit Aranthe into the hovel*, R. U. R.

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Edg. Look, I have flint and steel, the implements Of wand'ring lunatics; I'll strike a light, And make a fire beneath this shed, to dry Thy storm-drenched garments, ere thou lie to rest thee Then, fierce and wakeful as th' Hesperian dragon, I'll watch beside thee to protect thy sleep: Meanwhile the stars shall dart their kindest beams, And angels visit my Cordelia's dreams.

[Exeunt into the hovel, R. U. E

[Act IV

END OF ACT III.

ACT IV.

SCENE I.—An Apartment in the Earl of Gloster's Castle.

Enter Duke of Cornwall, a letter in his hand, REGAN, EDMUND, EDWARD, and Servants, R., Officer and four Guards, R. S. E.

Corn. (R.) I will have my revenge, ere I depart his house!

Regan, see here : a plot upon our state ;

Gives her a letter

'Tis Gloster's character, who has betrayed His double trust, of subject and of host.

Reg. Then double be our vengeance; this confirms Th' intelligence that we but now received, That he has been this night to seek the king.—

But who, sir, was the kind discoverer?

Corn. Our eagle, quick to spy, and fierce to seize, Our trusty Edmund.

Reg. 'Twas a noble service; Oh, Cornwall, take him to thy deepest trust, And wear him as a jewel at thy heart.

Edm. Think, sir, how hard a fortune I sustain, That makes me thus repent of serving you. Oh, that this treason had not been, or I Not the discoverer !

Corn. Edmund, thou shalt find A father in our love, and from this minute

SCENE I.]

We call thee Earl of Gloster; but there yet Remains another justice to be doi.e-And that's to punish the discarded traitor. But, lest thy tender nature should relent At his just sufferings, nor brook the sight, We wish thee to withdraw. (c.) Bring in the traitor! Exit Edmund, R.

Enter GLOSTER, brought in by two Servants, L.

Bind fast his arms.

Glos. (L.) What mean your graces?

You are my guests; pray, do me no foul play. Corn. Bind him, [They bind them.] I say, hard, harden yet.

Reg. (L. C.) Now, traitor, thou shalt find-

[Crosses half way up the Stage

Corn. Speak, rebel, where hast thou sent the king, Whom, spite of our decree, thou saved'st last night?

Glos. I'm tied to th' stake, and I must stand the course Reg. Say where, and why, thou hast concealed him [Comes down to Gloster traitor.

Glos. Because I would not see thy cruel hands Tear out his poor old eyes, nor thy fierce sister Carve his anointed flesh; but I shall see

The swift-winged vengeance overtake such children.

Corn. See'st thou shalt never: slaves, perform your work: [Servants take Gloster out, L

Out with those treacherous eyes; dispatch, I say. Glos. [Without, L.] He that will think to live 'till he be old-

Give me some help.-Oh, cruel! oh, ye gods!

Edw. (R. c.) Hold, hold, my lord, I bar your cruelty; I cannot love your safety, and give way

To such inhuman practice.

Corn. Ah, my villain !

Edw. I have been your servant from my infancy; But better service have I never done you,

Than with this boldness.

Corn. Take thy death, slave.

Stabs Edward, and puts up his dagger. Edw. Nay, then, revenge, whilst yet my blood is warm! [Draws his sword, runs Cornwall through the body, and

LAGT V

is carried off by Guard, R.—Cornwall is supported by Servants.

Reg. Help here—are you not hurt, my lord ?

Glos. [Without, L.] Edmund, enkindle all the sparks of nature

To quit this horrid act.

Reg. Out, treacherous villain,

Thou call'st on him that hates thee; it was he

That broached thy treason, showed us thy dispatches; There—read, and save the Cambrian prince a labour.

save the Cambrian prince a labou

[Throws the letters out to him, L.

Glos. [Without, L.] Oh, my folly !

Then Edgar was abused! kind gods, forgive me that! *Leg.* [*To Corn.*] How is't, my lord ?

Corn. Turn out that eyeless villain, let him smell His way to Cambray;

Regan, I bleed apace; give me your arm.

[Excunt, Regan, L., Cornwall, supported by his Servants, R.

Scene II.— The Open Country.

Enter EDGAR, in disguise, R.

Edg. The lowest and most abject thing of fortune Stands still in hope, and is secure from fear. The lamentable change is from the best,

The worst returns to better.—Who comes here?

[Retires half way up the Stage

My father poorly led ! deprived of sight ! The precious stones torn from their bleeding rings ! World ! world ! world !

But that thy strange mutations make us hate thee, Life would not yield to age.

Enter GLOSTER, led by an OLD MAN, L.

Old. Oh, my good lord, I have been your tenant, And your father's tenant, these fourscore years.

Glos. Away, get thee away; good friend, begone; Thy comforts can do me no good at all; Thee they may hurt.

<u>Old M.</u> You cannot see your way.

Glos. I have no way, and therefore want no eyes.

SCENE II.

KING LEAR.

I stumbled when I saw.—Oh, dear son Edgar! The food of thy abuséd father's wrath,

Might I but live to see thee in my touch,

I'd say I had eyes again.

Edg. [Aside.] Alas! he's sensible that I was wronged And, should I own myself, his tender heart

Would break betwixt the extremes of grief and joy. Old M. How now? who's there?

Edg. [Advances R. of Glos.] A charity for poor Tom.-Play fair, and defy the foul fiend.

[Aside.] Oh, gods !' and must I still pursue this trade,

Trifling beneath such loads of misery?

Old M. (R. C.) 'Tis poor mad Tom.

Glos. (R. c.) In the late storm I such a fellow saw, Which made me think a man a worm.

Where is the lunatic?

Old M. Here, my lord.

Glos. Get thee now away; if, for my sake, Thou wilt o'ertake us hence a mile or two I' th' way to Dover, do 't for ancient love, And bring some cov'ring for this naked wretch,

Whom I'll intreat to lead me.

Old M. Alack, my lord, he's mad.

Glos. 'Tis the time's plague, when madmen lead the blind.

Do as I bid thee.

Old M. I'll bring him the best 'parel that I have, Come on't what will. [Exit, L.

Glos. Sirrah ! naked fellow !

Edg. (R.) Poor Tom's a-cold.—[Aside.] I cannot fool it longer,

And yet I must.—Bless thy sweet eyes, they bleed;

Believ't, poor Tom e'en weeps his blind to see 'em.

Glos. Know'st thou the way to Dover?

Edg. Both stile and gate, horse-way and foot-path. Poor Tom has been scared out of his good wits. Bless every true man's son from the foul fiend !

Glos. Here, take this purse; that I am wretched Makes thee the happier. Heav'n deal so still! Thus let the griping usurer's hoard be scattered, So distribution shall undo excess,

And each man have enough. Dost thou know Dover?

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Elg. Ay, master.

Glos. There is a cliff, whose high and berding head Looks dreadfully down upon the roaring deep; Bring me but to the very brink of it, And I'll repair the poverty thou bear'st With something rich about me.—From that place I shall no leading need.

Edg. Give me thy arm; poor Tom shall guide thee. Glos. Soft! for I hear the tread of passengers.

Enter KENT, in his own character, and CORDELIA, L.

Cor. (L.) Ah, me! your fear's too true, it was the king I spoke but even now with some that met him, As mad as the vexed sea, singing aloud; Crowned with rank fumiter, and furrow weeds, With berries, burdocks, violets, daisies, poppies, And all the idle flowers that grow In our sustaining corn: conduct me to him, To prove my last endeavours to restore him, And heaven so prosper thee!

Kent. (c.) I will, good lady. Ha! Gloster here !—Turn, poor dark man, and hear A friend's condolement, who, at sight of thine, Forgets his own distress : thy old true Kent.

Glos. How ! Kent ? From whence returned ?

Kent. 1 have not, since my banishment, been absent, But in disguise followed the abandoned king.

Twas me thou saw'st with him in the late storm.

Glos. Let me embrace thee; had I eyes, I now Should weep for joy; but let this trickling blood Suffice instead of tears.

Cor. (L. c.) Oh, misery ! [Sees Gloster. To whom shall I complain, or in what language ? Forgive, oh, wretched man, the piety That brought thee to this pass; 'twas I that caused it; I cast me at thy feet, and beg of thee [Kneels. To crush these weeping eyes to equal darki ess, If that will give thee any recompense.

Edg. [Asidc.] Was ever season so distressed as this? Glos. I think, Cordelia's voice; rise, pious princess, And take a dark man's blessing.

[Cordelia rises.—Kent and Gloster retire up and confer.

[ACT IV

SCENE III.]

KING LEAR

Cor. Oh, my Edgar,

My virtue's now grown guilty, works the bane Of those that do befriend me; heaven forsakes me; And when you look that way, it is but just That you should hate me, too.

Edg. Oh, waive this cutting speech, and spare to wound A heart that's on the rack.

[Retire up.—Gloster and Kent come down, L. Glos. (L.) No longer cloud thee, Kent, in that disguise; There's business for thee, and of noblest weight; Our injured country is at length in arms, Urged by the king's inhuman wrongs and mine, And only want a chief to lead them on :— That task be thine.

Edg. [Aside.] Brave Britons! then there's life in't yet! [Comes down, L.

Kent. (R. c.) Then have we one cast for our fortune still.

Come, princess, I'll bestow you with the king, Then on the spur to head these forces.

Farewell, good Gloster: to our conduct trust.

Glos. And be your cause as prosp'rous as 'tis just.

[Exeunt Kent and Cordelia, R., Edgar and Gloster, L.

SCENE III.—Albany's Palace.

Enter GONERIL, with a letter, and OSWALD, L.

Gon. (L. c.) It was great ignorance, Gloster's eyes being out,

To let him live; where he arrives, he moves

All hearts against us. Edmund, I think, is gone,

In pity to his misery, to dispatch him.

Ôsw. (L.) No, madam; he's returned on speedy summons

Back to your sister.

Gon. Ah! I like not that!

Such speed must have the wings of love. Where's Albany?

Osw. Madam, within; but never man so changed: I told him of the uproar of the peasants— He smiled at it; when I informed him Of Gloster's treason—

Gon Yrouble him no further; It is his coward spirit. Back to our sister: Hasten her musters on, and let her know I have given the distaff into my husband's han is; That done, with special care deliver these dispatches, In private, to young Gloster.

Enter CAPTAIN OF THE GUARD, R.

Cap (R.) Oh, madam, most unseasonable news! The Duke of Cornwall's dead of his late wound, Whose loss your sister has in part supplied, Making brave Edmund general of her forces.

Gon. [Aside.] One way, 1 like this well;
But, being a widow, and my Gloster with her,
'T may blast the promised harvest of our love.
A word more, sir: [To Oswald.] add speed to your journey;

And if you chance to meet with that blind traitor, Preferment falls on him that cuts him off.

[Exeunt, Goneril and Captain, R., Oswald, L

Scene IV.—Another Part of the Country.

Enter GLOSTER, and EDGAR as a Peasant, L. U. E.

Glos. When shall we come to th' top of that same hill ?

Edg. We climb it now; mark, how we labour.

Glos. Methinks, the ground is even.

Edg. Horribly steep. Hark, do you hear the sea?

Glos. No, truly.

Edg. Why, then your other senses grow imperfect, By your eyes' anguish.

Glos. So it may be, indeed.

Methinks, thy voice is altered, and thou speak'st

In better phrase and matter than thou didst.

Edg. You are much deceived; in nothing am I altered But my garments.

Glos Methinks, you're better spoken.

Edg. Come on, sir; [Crosses to R.] here's the place. How fearful

And dizzy 'tis, to cast one's eyes so low !

The crows and choughs, that wing the midway air

ÖZ.

[Acr IV

SCENE IV

Shew scarce so big as beetles; ha f way cown Hangs one that gathers samphire—dreadful trade! T e fishermen that walk upon the beach, Appear like mice; and yon tall anch'ring bark Seems lessened to her cock; her cock, a buoy Almost too small for sight; the murm'ring surge Cannot be heard so high. I'll look no more; Lest my brain turn, and the disorder make me Tumble down headlong.

Glos. Set me where you stand.

Edg. [Puts him across to R.] You are now within 1 in of th' extreme verge:

For all beneath the moon I would not now Leap forward.

Glos. (R.) Let go my hand.

Here is another purse, in it a jewel

Well worth a poor man's taking. Get thee farther,

Bid me farewell, and let me hear thee going.

Edg. Fare you well, sir. [Retires a little, R.] That I do trifle thus

With his despair, is with design to cure it. [Aside. Glos. [Kneels.] Thus, mighty gods, this world I do re nounce,

And in your sight shake my afflictions off; If I could bear them longer, and not fall To quarrel with your great opposeless wills, My snuff and feebler part of nature should Burn itself out. If Edgar live, oh, bless him ! Now, fellow, fare thee well.

[Prepares to fall, when Edgar advances and catches him.

Edg. Hold !--- who comes here ?

Enter KING LEAR, with a Coronet of Flowers on his head and Straw in his hand, L. U. E.

Lear. No, no; they cannot touch me for coining; I am the king himself.

Edg. Oh, piercing sight!

Lear. Nature's above art in that respect. There's your press-money. That fellow handles his bow like a crowkeeper ;---draw me a clothier's yard. A mouse, a mouse! l'eace, hoa! There's my gauntlet; I'll prove it op a

giant. Bring up the brown bills; well flown, barb; I' tn white; i' th' white;—Hewgh! give the word.

Edg. Sweet Marjoram.

Lear. Pass.

Glos. I know that voice.

Lear. Ha! Goneril! With a white beard? They flattered me like a dog, and told me I had white hairs on my chin, before the black ones were there. (R.) To say ay and no to everything that I said. Ay, and no, too, was no good divinity. When the rain came once to wet me, and the winds to make me chatter,—when the thunder would not peace at my bidding, there I found 'em, there I smelt them out. Go to, they are not men of their words; they told me I was everything; 'tis a lie;

I am not ague-proof. (L.)

Glos. That voice I well remember : is't not the king? Lear. Ay, every inch a king ! When I do stare, See how the subject quakes !

I pardon that man's life. What was the cause ? Adultery ?

Thou shalt not die. Die for adultery? No! The wren goes to't, and the small gilded fly Engenders in my sight. (R.) Let copulation thrive; For Gloster's bastard son was kinder to his father, Than were my daughters, got i' th' lawful bed. To't, luxury, pell mell: for I lack soldiers.— There's money for thee.

Glos. (R. C.) Let me kiss that hand.

Lear. Let me wipe it first; it smells of mortality.

Glos. Speak, sir: do you know me?

Lear. I remember thine eyes well enough. Nay, die thy worst, blind Cupid, I'll not love.—Read me this challenge : mark but the penning of it.

Glos. Were all the letters suns, I could not see.

Lear. Read, read, read.

Glos. What, with this case of eyes ?

Lear. Oh, ho! are you there with me? No eyes in your head, nor no money in your purse? Yet you see how this world goes.

Glos. I see it feelingly.

Lear. What, art mad? A man may see now this world goes, with no eyes Look with thy ears : see how you

[AT LV.

Edgar crosses, L.

SCENE III.

SO.

justice rails on yon simple thief. Hark in thine ear: shake 'em together, and the first that drops, be it thus f or justice, is a villain.—Thou 'ast seen a farmer's dog bark at a beggar ?

Glos. Ay, sir.

Lear. (c.) And the man run from the cur; there thou might'st behold the great image of authority; a dog's obeyed in office. Thou rascal beadle, hold thy bloody hand! Why dost thou lash that strumpet? Thou hotly lust'st to enjoy her in that kind for which thou whip'st her; do, do! the judge that sentenced her has been beforehand with thee.

Glos. How stiff is my vile sense that yields not yet l Lear. I tell thee, the usurer hangs the cozener. Through tattered clothes small vices do appear; Robes and fur gowns hide all. Plate sin with gold, And the strong lance of justice hurtless breaks: Arm it in rags, a pigmy's straw doth pierce it.— Why, there 'tis for thee, friend—make much of it; It has the power to seal the accuser's lips. Get thee glass eyes, and, like a scurvy politician, seem to see the things thou dost not. Pull, pull—off my boots; hard, harder; so,

Glos. Oh, matter and impertinency mixed ! Reason in madness !

Lear. If thou wilt weep my fortunes, take my eyes. I know thee well enough—thy name is Gloster. Thou must be patient; we came crying hither; Thou know'st, the first time that we taste the air, We wail and cry. I'll preach to thee: mark me.

Edg. Break, lab'ring heart!

Lear. When we are born, we cry that we are come To this great stage of fools.

Enter PHYSICIAN and two KNIGHTS, R. U. E.

Phys. (R.) Oh! here he is; lay hand upon him--sir, Your dearest daughter sends-

Lear. No rescue ? What, a prisoner ? I am even the natural fool of fortune. Use me well, you shall have ransom.—Let me have surgeons. Oh ! I am cut to the brains

Phys. You shall have anything.

Lear. No seconds? All myself?

I will die bravely, like a bridegroom. What! I will be jovial; come, come; I am a king, My masters, know you that? C-osses R.

Phys. You are a royal one, and we obey you.

Lear. It were an excellent stratagem to shoe a troop of horse with felt; I'll put it in proof.-No noise, no noise. Now will we steal upon these sons-in-law, and then-Kill kill, kill! [Exeunt King Lear and Physician, R.

Edg. A sight most moving in the meanest wretch, Past speaking in a king.

Glos. (R.) Now, good sir, what are you?

Edg. (c.) A most poor man, made tame to fortune's strokes,

And prone to pity by experienced sorrows. Give me your hand.

Glos. You gentle gods, take my breath from me, And let not my ill-genius tempt me more To die before you please.

Enter OSWALD, L.

Osw. (L.) A proclaiméd prize ! Oh, most happily met ! That eyeless head of thine was first framed flesh Tc raise my fortunes. Thou old unhappy traitor, The sword is out that must destroy thee.

[Draws his sword.

Glos. Now let thy friendly hand put strength enough Edgar raises his staff. to't.

Osw. Wherefore, bold peasant, Dar'st thou support a published traitor ? Hence, Lest I destroy thee, too; let go his arm.

Edg. Chill not let go, zir, without 'vurther 'casion.

Osw. (L. c.) Let go, slave; or thou diest.

Edg. (L. c.) Good gentleman, go your gait, and let poor volk pass; and chu'd ha' bin zwaggered out of my life, it would not have been zo long as 'tis by a vortnight.-Nay, an' thou com'st near th' old man, I'st try whether your costard or my ballow be th' harder.

Osw. Out, dunghill !

Edg. Chill pick your teeth, sir: come, no matter for [Knocks him down. your foines.

Osw. Slave, thou hast slain me ! oh, untimely death !

Dies

SCENE I.]

Edg. 1 know thee well, a serviceable villain; As duteous to the vices of thy mistress, As lust could wish.

Glos. (c.) What ? Is he dead ?

Edg. This is a letter-carrier, and may have Some papers of intelligence, that may stand Our party in good stead to know.—What's here ?

[Takes a letter out of his pocket and reads it. "To Edmund; Earl of Gloster.

[Reads.]—" Let our mutual loves be remembered : you have many opportunities to cut Albany off. If he return the conquerer, then I am still a prisoner, and his bed my jail; from the loathed warmth of which deliver me, and supply the place for your labour. "GONERIL." [Aside.] A plot upon the duke her husband's life, And the exchange my brother !— In time and place convenient I'll produce

This letter to the sight of th' injured duke, As best shall serve our purpose. Come, your hand;

Far off, methinks, I hear the beaten drum ; Come, sir, I will bestow you with a friend. [Exeunt, L.

END OF ACT IV.

ACT V.

Scene I.—A Chamber.—King LEAR asleep on a couch, **R**. Cordelia, R., seated, Physician, and two Knights standing by him.

Cor. All blessed secrets; All you unpublished virtues of the earth, Spring with my tears—be aidant and remediate, In the good man's distress— Oh, you kind heavens, Cure this great breach in his abuséd nature; Th' untuned and jarring senses, or, wind up, Of this child changed father. Phys. (L.) We have employed the utmost pow'r of art

And this deep rest will perfect our design.

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Music, L.

Acry

Cor. Oh, Regan! Goneril! Inhuman sisters! Had he not been your father, these white hairs Had challenged, sure, some pity! Was this a face To be exposed against the jarring winds? My enemy's dog, though he had bit me, should Have stood that night against my fire.

Phys. Be by, good madam, when we do awake him; I doubt not of his temperance.

Cor. Oh, my dear father ! Restoration, hang Thy med'cine on my lips; and let this kiss Repair those violent harms, that my two sisters Have in thy rev'rence made. He wakes; Speak to him.

Phys. Madam, do you; 'tis fittest.

Cor. How does my royal lord? How fares your majesty?

Lear. You do me wrong to take me out o' th' grave. [Lear rises, and Cordelia supports him down to the front of the Stage.

Cor. (k.) Speak to me, sir, who am I?

Lear. (c.) You are a soul in bliss; but I am bound Upon a wheel of fire, which my own tears

Do scald like molten lead.

Cor. Sir, do you know me?

Lear. You are a spirit, I know; when did you die? Cor. Still, still far wide.

Phys. Madam, he's scarce awake; he'll soon grow more composed.

Lear. Where have I been ? Where am I ? Fair day light ?

I am mightily abused : I should even die with pity

To see another thus. I will not swear

These are my hands.

Cor. Oh, look upon me, sir,

And hold your hand in blessing o'er me. [Lear attempts to kneel.]-Nay,

You must not kneel.

Lear. Pray, do not mock me;

am a very foolish, fond old man,

Fourscore and upward; and, to deal plainly,

I fear 1 am not in my perfect mind.

Cor. Nay, then, farewell to patience! Witness for me

SCENE

Ye mighty pow'rs, I ne'er complained till ncw!

Lear. Methinks, I should know you, and k: ow this man;

Yet I am doubtful; for I'm mainly ignorant What place this is; and all the skill I have, Remembers not these garments: nor do I know Where I did sleep last night.—Pray, do not mock me; For, as I am a man, I think that lady To be my child Cordelia.

Cor. Oh, my dear, dear father !

Lear. Be your tears wet? Yes, faith; pray, do rot weep.

I know I have given thee cause, and am so humbled With crosses since, that I could ask

Forgiveness of thee, were it possible

That thou couldst grant it;

If thou hast poison for me, I will drink it, Bless thee, and die.

Cor. (c.) Oh, pity, sir, a bleeding heart, and cease This killing language.

Lear. (L.) Tell me, friends, where am I?

Phys. (R.) In your own kingdom, sir.

Lear. Do not abuse me.

Phys. Be comforted, good madam, for the violence Of his distemper's past; we'll lead him in,

Nor trouble him, till he is better settled.

Will it please you, sir, walk into freer air?

Lear. You must bear with me, I am old and foolish; Forget and forgive.

[The Physician leads off King Lear, followed by two Knights, 1.

Cor. The gods restore you ! [A distant March. Hark, I hear afar

The beaten drum. Old Kent's a man of's word. Oh! for an arm

Like the fierce thunderer's, when the earth-born sons Stormed heaven, to fight this injured father's battle! That I could shift my sex, and dye me deep

In his opposer's blood ! But, as I may, With women's weapons, piety and pray'rs, I'll aid his cause.—You never erring gods, Fight on his side, and thunder on his foes

Such tempests, as his poor aged head sustained ! Your image suffers when a monarch bleeds; 'Tis your own cause; for that your succours bring; Revenge yourselves, and right an injured king. [Exu, L.

Scene II.— The Camp of the British Forces, near Dover Flourish. *

Enter EDMUND, REGAN, Officers, Banners, and Soldiers, L

Edm. (c.) Know of the Duke, if his last purpose hold Or, whether since he is advised by aught To change the course : He's full of alteration, And self reproving; bring his constant pleasure.

[To Officer, who exits, R. Reg. (L.) Now, sweet lord, You know the goodness I intend upon you: Tell me, but truly, but then speak the truth, Do you not love my sister?

Edm. In honoured love.

Reg. I never shall endure her. Edm. She and the duke her husband.

[Flourish

[Acr V

Enter ALBANY, GONERIL, and Soldiers, R.

Alb. (R. c.) Our very loving sister, well be met. Sir, this I hear, the king is come to his daughter, With others, whom the rigours of our state Forced to cry out.

Reg. Why is this reasoned ?

Gon. (R.) Combine together 'gainst the enemy: For these domestic and particular broils Are not to question here.

Alb. Let us then determine

With the ancient of war, on our proceedings.

Edm. I shall attend you presently at your tent.

Reg. Sister, you'll go with us?

Gon. No.

Reg. 'Tis most convenient; pray you, go with us. Gon. [Aside.] I know the riddle :---I will go.

As they are going out, L., enter EDGAR, disguised, R.

Edg. If e'er your grace had speech with man so poor, Hear me one word.

* This Scene is usually omitted in the Representation.

SCENE III.]

Alb. I'll overtake you.

Exeunt all but Albary and Edgar, L. Alb. (c.) Speak!

Edg. (R.) Before you fight the battle, ope this letter If you have victory, let the trumpet sound For him that brought it: wretched though I seem, I can produce a champion, that will prove What is avouched there : If you miscarry, Your business of the world hath so an end, And machination ceases. Fortune love you !

Alb. Stay till I have read the letter.

Edg. I was forbid it.

When time shall serve, let but the herald cry, [Exit. P And I'll appear again.

Alb. Why, fare thee well; I will o'erlook thy paper

Re-enter EDMUND, L., with a folded paper.

Edm. The enemy's in view, draw up your powers. Here is the guess of their true strength and forces, By diligent discovery; but your haste Is now urged on you.

Alb. We will greet the time. Exit, L. Edm. To both these sisters have I sworn my love; Each jealous of the other, as the stung Are of the adder. Which of them shall I take? Both? one? or neither? To take the widow. Exasperates, makes mad her sister Goneril; And hardly shall I carry out my side, Her husband being alive. Now, then, we'll use His countenance for the battle; which being done, Let her who would be rid of him, devise His speedy taking off. As for the mercy Which he intends to Lear and Cordelia-The battle done, and they within our power, Shall never see his pardon : for my state Stands on me to defend, not to debate. Exit, P.

SCENE III.—A Valley near the Field of Battle.

Enter Edgar and Gloster, r. u. e.

Edg. Here, father, take the shadow of this tree b'or your good host; pray that the right may thrive:

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If ever I return to you again, I'll bring you comfort.

Glos. Grace go with you, sir. [An alarum without, L. The fight grows hot; the whole war's now at work, And the gored battle bleeds in every vein, Whilst drums and trumpets drown loud slaughter's roar. Where's Gloster now, that used to head the onset, And scour the ranks where deadliest danger lay? Here, like a shepherd, in a lonely shade, Idle, unarmed, and list'ning to the fight. No more of shelter, thou blind worm, but forth To th' open field; the war may come this way, And crush thee into rest. [Advances a little. Oh, dark despair! When, Edgar, wilt thou come To pardon, and dismiss me to the grave? [A retreat is sounded, L.

Hark! a retreat the king, I fear, has lost.

Re-enter Edgar, L.

Edg. Away, old man; give me your hand; away! [Crosses, R.

King Lear has lost; he and his daughter ta'en : Give me thy hand. Come on !

Glos. No farther, sir; a man may rot even here.

Edg. What! in ill thoughts again! Men must endure Their going hence, ev'n as their coming hither.

Ripeness is all.—Come on !

Glos. And that's true, too.

[Exeunt, R.

Scene IV.—The British Camp near Dover.

Enter, in conquest, with Banners, &c., EDMUND, L.—LEAR and CORDELIA as prisoners, an Officer and four Soldiers preceding them, and the same number following, L. S. E.—Flourish.

Edm. (R.) Some officers take them away: good guard; Until their greater pleasures first be known That are to censure them.

Cor. (R. C.) [Coming forward a little.] We are not the first,

Who, with best meaning, have incurred the worst For thee, oppressed king, am I cast dowr;

Exit, L.

SCENE IV.]

KING LEAR.

Myself could else out-frown false fortune's frown.

Shall we not see these daughters, and these sisters ?

Lear. (c.) No, no, no, no !- Come, let's away to prison:

We two alone will sing like birds i' th' cage When thou dost ask my blessing, I'll kneel down, And ask of thee forgiveness : so we'll live, And pray, and sing, and tell old tales, and laugh At gilded butterflies, and hear poor rogues Talk of court news; and we'll talk with them, too-Who loses, and who wins; who's in, who's out; In a walled prison, packs and sects of great ones, That ebb and flow by the moon. Edm. [Crossing, L.] Take them away!

[Lear and Cordelia go forward, R Lear. (R. c.) Upon such sacrifices, my Cordelia, The gods themselves throw incense. Have I caught thee He that parts us, shall bring a brand from heaven, And fire us hence, like foxes.

[Officer on the R. advances a little, and motions them to follow.

Wipe thine eyes;

The goujeres shall devour them, flesh and fell,

Ere they shall make us weep; we'll see them starve first! Come. [Exeunt Lear and Cordelia, preceded by Officer, ind followed by four Soldiers, R.

Edm. (L.) Come hither, captain; hark-

[Officer comes down, R.

Take thou this note; [Giving a paper.] go, follow them to prison:

One step I have advanced thee; if thou dost As this instructs thee, thou dost make thy way To noble fortunes. Know thou this-that men Are as the time is: to be tender-minded Does not become a sword; that great employment Will not bear question : either say, thou'lt do't, Or thrive by other means.

Offi. I'll do't, my lord.

Edm. About it; and write happy when thou hast done Mark-I say instantly; and carry it so,

As I have set it down.

Offi. I will do it.

[Exit, R.

APT V

Flourish.—Enter Albany, Goneral, REJAN, Officers and Guards, 1.

1b. (c.) Sir, you have shown to day your valiant strain, And fortune led you well: you have the captives Who were the opposites of this day's strife: We do require them of you; so to use them, As we shall find their merits and our safety May equally determine.

Edm. (R.) Sir, I thought it fit To send the old and miserable king To some retention, and appointed guard; Whose age has charms in it, whose title more, To pluck the common bosom on his side, And turn our impressed lancers in our eyes, Which do command them. With him I sent the queen My reason all the same; and they are ready To-morrow, or at further space, to appear Where you shall hold your session.

Alb. Sir, by your patience, I hold you but a subject of this war, Not as a brother.

Reg. (L.) That's as we list to grace him. Methinks, our pleasure might have been demanded, Ere you had spoke so far. He led our powers; Bore the commission of my place and person; The which immediacy may well stand up, And call itself your brother.

Gon. (L. c.) Not so hot : In his own grace he doth exalt himself, More than in your advancement.

Reg. In my rights,

By me invested, he compeers the best. General,

[Crosses to Edmund. Dispose of them, of me; the walls are thine: Witness the world, that I create thee here My lord and master!

Alb. The let-alone lies not in your good will. Edm. Nor in thine, lord.

Alb. Half-blooded fellow, yes !

Reg. (R. c.) [To Edmund.] Let the drum strike, and prove my title thine.

SCENE IV.]

KING LEAR.

Alb. Stay yet; hear reason: Eamund, I arrest thee On capital treason; and in thy arrest,

This gilded serpent : [Pointing to Goneril.] for your claim fair sister,

I bar it in the interest of my wife: 'Tis she is sub-contracted to this lord, And I, her husband, contradict your bans. Thou art armed, Gloster: let the trumpet sound: If none appear to prove upon thy person. Thy heinous, manifest, and many treasons, There is my pledge: [Throwing down a Gauntlet.] I'h prove it on thy heart, Ere I taste bread, thou art in nothing less Than I have here proclaimed thee. Reg. Sick, oh, sick! Gon. If not, I'll ne'er trust poison. [Exit, L. Edm. There's my exchange: [Throwing down Gaunt

let.] what in the world he is That names me traitor, villain-like he lies. Call by thy trumpet: he that dares approach, On him, ou you, (who not?) I will maintain My truth and honour firmly.

Alb. A herald, ho!

Edm. A herald, ho, a herald!

Alb. Trust to thy single virtue; for thy soldiers, All levied in my name, have in my name Took their discharge.

Reg. This sickness grows upon me!

Enter HERALD, R.

Alb. She is not well; convey her to my tent.

[Regan is led off, L.

Come hither, Herald—Let the trumpet sound,

And read out this. [Gives paper.] Sound, trumpet.

Trumpet sounds, R.

Her. (R.) [Reads.] " If any man of quality, or degree, within the lists of the army, will maintain upon Edmund, supposed Earl of Gloster, that he is a manifold traitor, let him appear at the third scund of the trumpet. He is bold in his defence."

Edm. Sound!

1st Trumpet.

Her. Again ? [2d Trumpet.] Again ! [3d Trumpet. [A Trumpet answers on 1. three times

ACT /

Enter EDGAR, L., at the end of the second sound.

Alb. (c.) Ask him his purposes, why he appears Upon this call o' the trumpet.

Her. What are you?

Your name, your quality? and why you answer This present summons ?

Edg. (L.) Know, my name is lost; By treason's tooth bare-gnawn, and canker-bit : Yet am I noble as the adversary [Herald retires up.

I come to cope withal.

Alb. [A little up Stage, in c.] Which is that adversary ! Edg. What's he that speaks for Edmund, Earl of Gloster?

Edm. Himself! what say'st thou to him? Edg. Draw thy sword;

That, if my speech offend a noble heart, Thy arm may do thee justice :---here is mine Behold, it is the privilege of mine honours, My oath, and my profession. I protest-Maugre thy strength, youth, place, and eminence, Despite thy victor sword, and fire-new fortune, Thy valour, and thy heart—thou art a traitor! False to thy gods, thy brother, and thy father: Conspirant 'gainst this high illustrious prince; And from the extremest upward of the head; To the descent and dust beneath thy feet, A most toad-spotted traitor. Say thou no, This sword, this arm, and my best spirits, are bent To prove upon thy heart, whereto I speak, Thou liest.

Edm. In wisdom, I should ask thy name; But since thy outside looks so fair and warlike, And that thy tongue some say of breeding breathes What safe and nicely I might well delay By rule of knighthood, I disdain and spurn: Back do I toss these treasons to thy head; With the hell-hated lie o'erwhelm thy heart; Which (for they yet glance by, and scarcely bruise,) This sword of mine shall give them instant way, Where they shall rest forever. Trumpets, speak ! Alarums.—They fight.—Edmund falls.

SCENE V.]

What you have charged me with, that ha \Rightarrow I done; And more, much more: the time will bring it cut; 'Tis past, and so am I.—But what art thou, That hast this fortune on me? If thou art noble I do forgive thee.

Edg. Let's exchange charity. I am no less in blood than thou art, Edmund: If more, the more thou hast wronged me. My name is Edgar, and thy father's son. The gods are just, and of our pleasant vices Make instruments to scourge us: The dark and vicious place where thee he got, Cost him his eyes.

Alb. Where have you hid yourself? How have you known the mis'ries of your fathe !

Edg. By nursing them, my lord. The bloody proclamation to escape, That followed me so near, taught me to shift Into a madman's rags; became his guide, Led him, begged for him, saved him from despair; Never (oh, fault !) revealed myself unto him, Until some half hour past, when I was armed. Not sure, though hoping of this good success, I asked his blessing, and from first to last Told him my pilgrimage: but his flawed heart, (Alack, too weak the conflict to support !) 'T wixt two extremes of passion, joy and gric.', Burst smilingly.

Edm. [Raised by Officers.] I pant for life :---some gcou I mean to do,

Despite of my own nature. Quickly send— Be brief in it—to the castle ; for my writ Is on the life of Lear, and on Cordelia.

Edg. Who has the office? Send thy token of reprieve. Edm. Take my sword—give it the captain.

A!b. Haste thee, for thy life ! [Exit Edgar, R. The gods defend her !-Bear him hence awhile.

[Flourish.—Edmund is led off, L.—Albany and others execut, R.

Scene V.—A Prison.

Enter LEAR, through opening in R. F with CORDELIA.

deaa, in his arms.—Officer enters, L. U. E, as in guard —he remains at back, L.

[ACT V

Lear. [Advancing, c.] Howl, howl, howl, howl! Oh. ye are men of stones!

Had I your tongues and eyes, I'd use them so That heaven's vault should crack.—Oh, she is gone for-

ever! [Lear kneels on right knee, and places Cordelia across his left, her feet towards R. I know when one is dead, and when one lives; She's dead as earth :--Lend me a looking-glass;

If that her breath will mist or stain the stone, Why, then she lives.

Enter EDGAR, ALBANY, KENT, OFFICER, and Soldiers, R. Officer marches the Soldiers up R., and back.

Kent. Is this the promised end ? Edg. Or image of that horror? [Crosses behind Leas. Alb. Fall, and cease !

Lear. This feather stirs; she lives!—If it be so, It is a chance that does redeem all sorrows That ever I have felt.

Kent. (R. c.) [Kneeling.] Oh, my good master! Lear. Pr'ythee, away!

Edg. (L. c.) 'Tis noble Kent, your friend.

Lear. A plague upon you, murderers, traitors, all! I might have saved her; now she's gone forever! Cordelia, Cordelia, stay a little !—Ha! What is't thou say'st? Her voice was ever soft,

Gentle, and low; but I did kill the slave

That was a hanging thee !

Offi. (L.) [Advancing a little.] 'Tis true, my lords, he did.

Lear. Did I not, fellow?

I have seen the day, with my good biting faulchion, I would have made them skip: I am old now, And these same crosses spoil me. Who are you?

My eyes are none o' the best :---I'll tell you straight.

Kent. (R. c.) If fortune brag of two she loved and hated,

One of them we behold.

Lear. This is a dull sight.—Are you not Kent?

Kent. The same;

Your servant Kent.—Where is your servant Caius Lear. He's a good fellow; I can tell you that;

He'll strike, and quickly, too :—He's dead and rotten.*Kent.* No, my good lord; I am the very man.*Lear.* I'll see that straight.

Kent. That, from your first of difference and decay, Have followed your sad steps.

Lear. You are welcome hither.

Kent. Nor no man else; all's cheerless, dark, and deadly.

Your eldest daughters have foredoomed themselves, And desperately are dead.

Lear. Ay, so I think.

Kent. He knows not what he says; and vain it is That we present us to him. Oh, see! see!

Lear. And my poor fool is hanged! No, no, no life: Why should a dog, a horse, a rat, have life,

And thou no breath at all? [Laying Cordelia on the ground, and kneeling on both knees.] Oh, thou wilt come no more !

Never, never, never, never!

Pray you, undo this button. [Placing his hand on his throat, as if choking.] Thank you, sir.

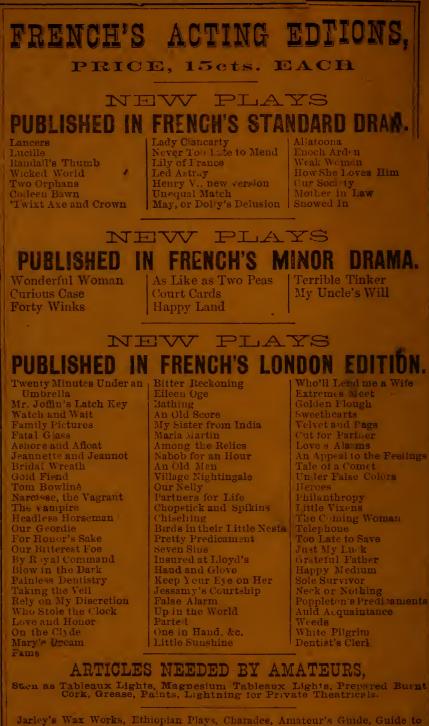
Do you see this? Look on her-look-her lips-

Kisses her.

Look there—look there!

Gives a convulsive gasp, and falls back. He is sup ported on the R. by Kent, and on the L., by Edgar - Curtain falls to slow music.

THE END.



the Stage.

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